



# Design and Implementation of an Electronic Skin

**Student:** Run Wang

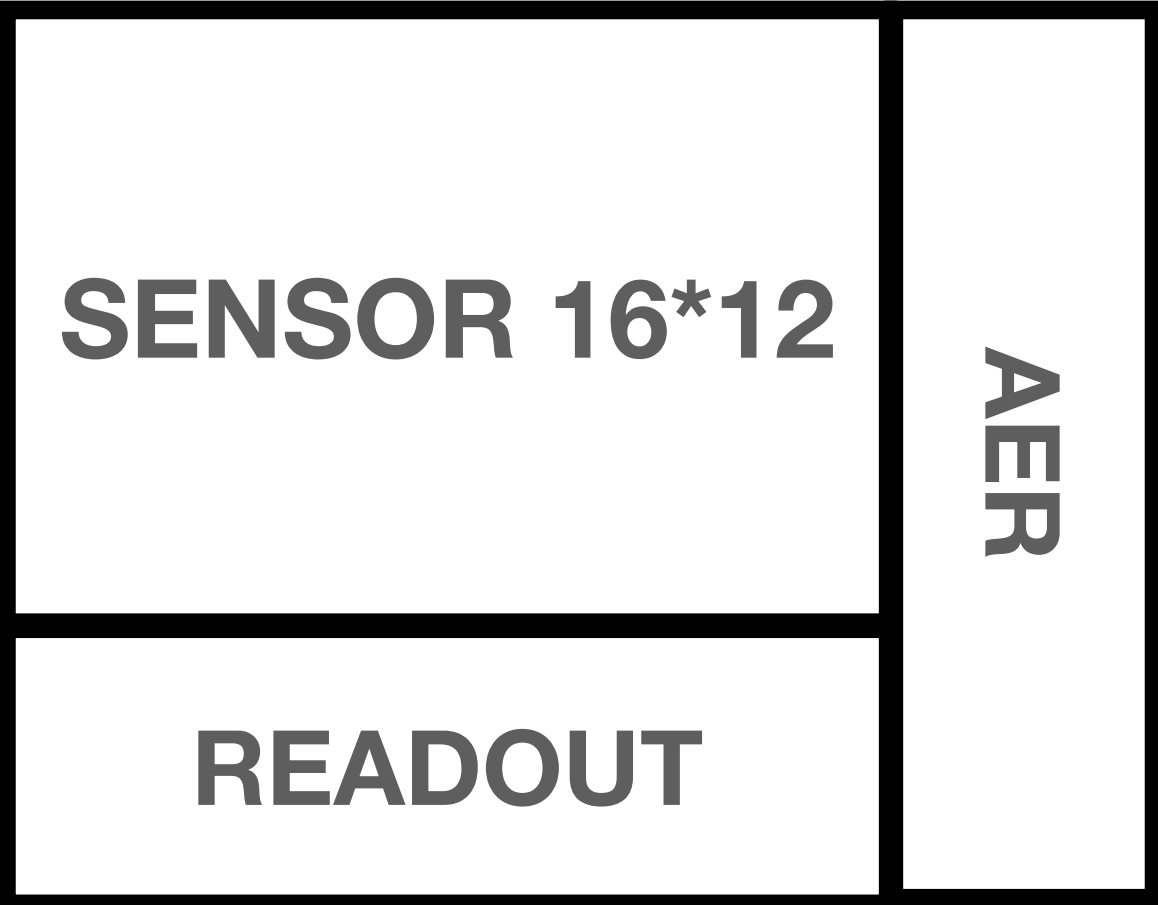
**Supervisor:** Prof. Georges Gielen

Jonah Van Assche

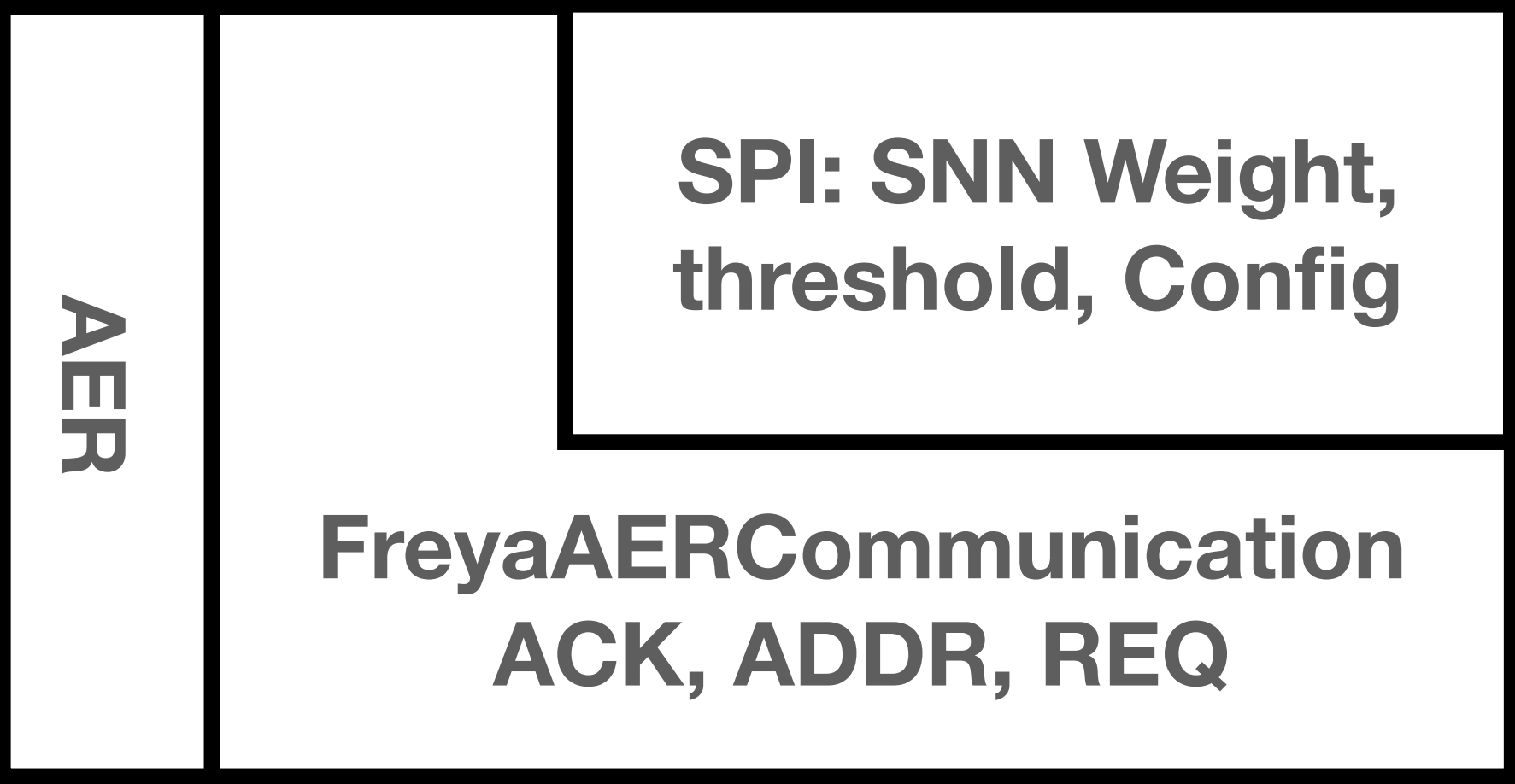
Mark Daniel Alea

# System Overview

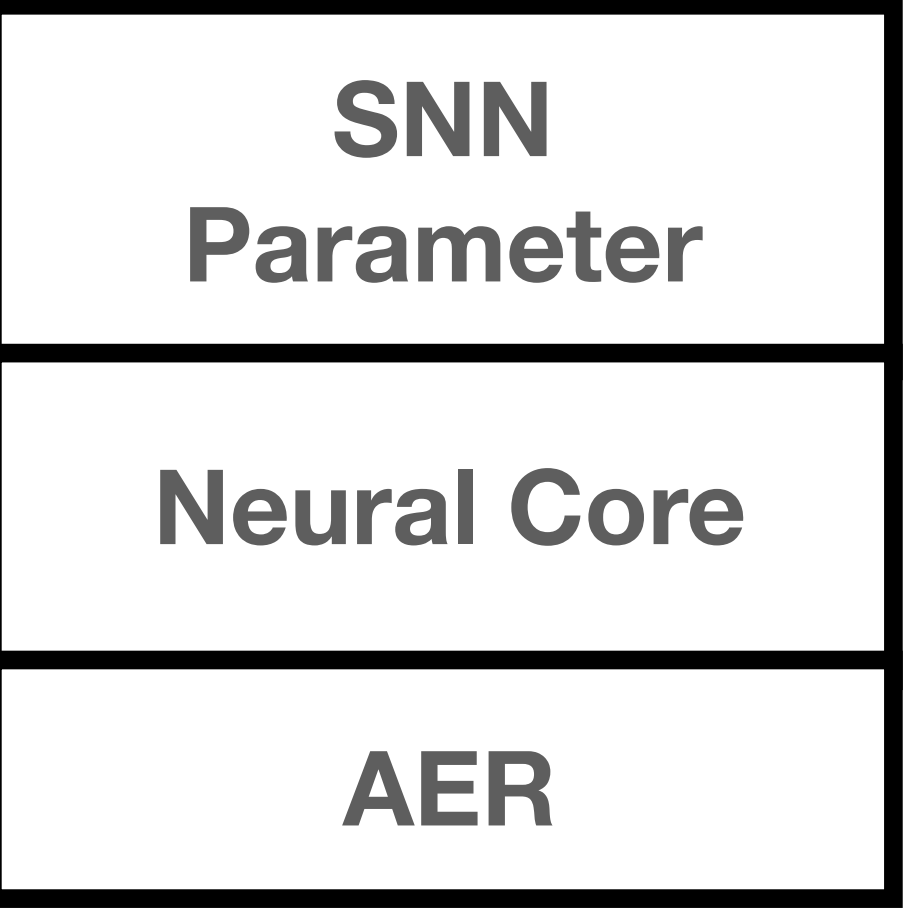
# Intuitive Chip

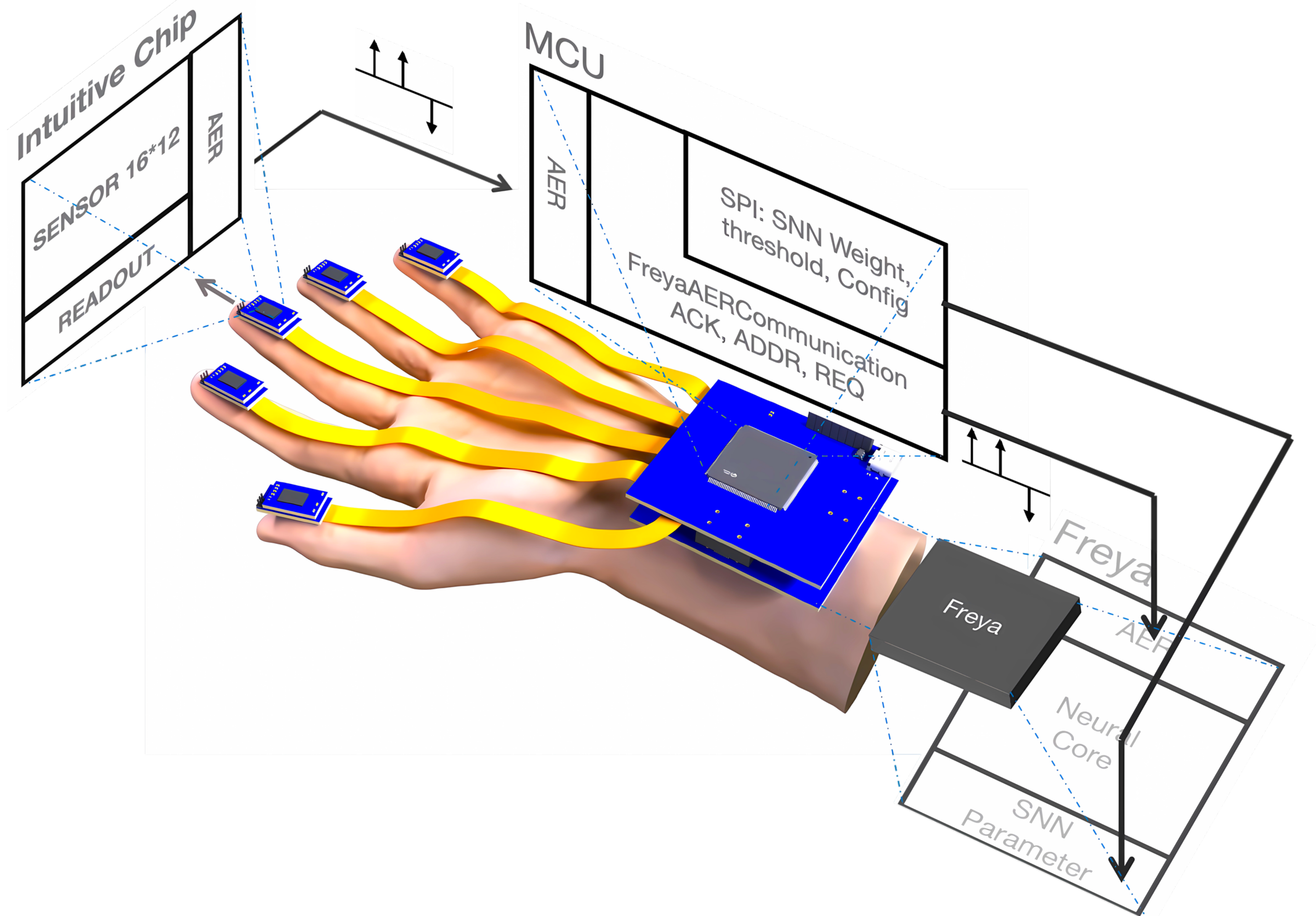


# MCU



# Freya

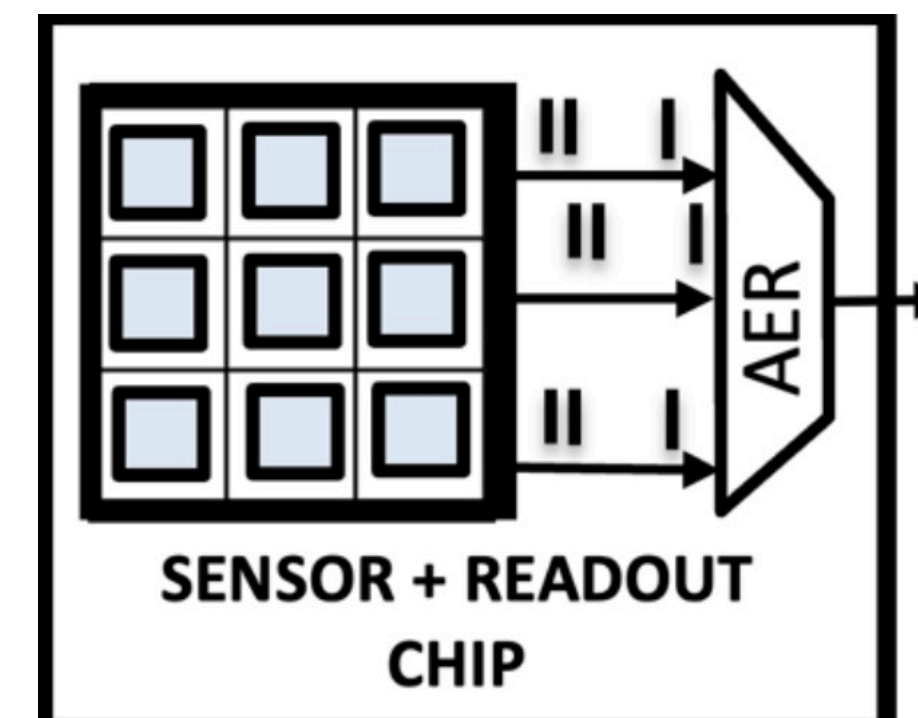
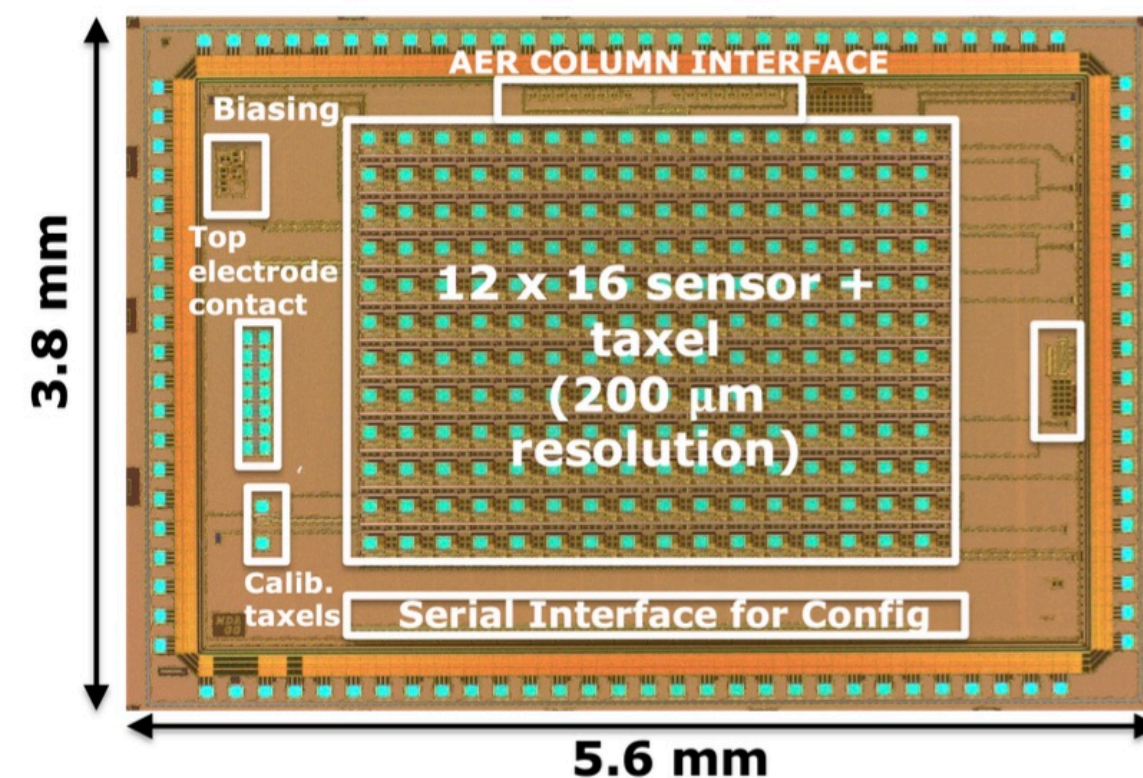




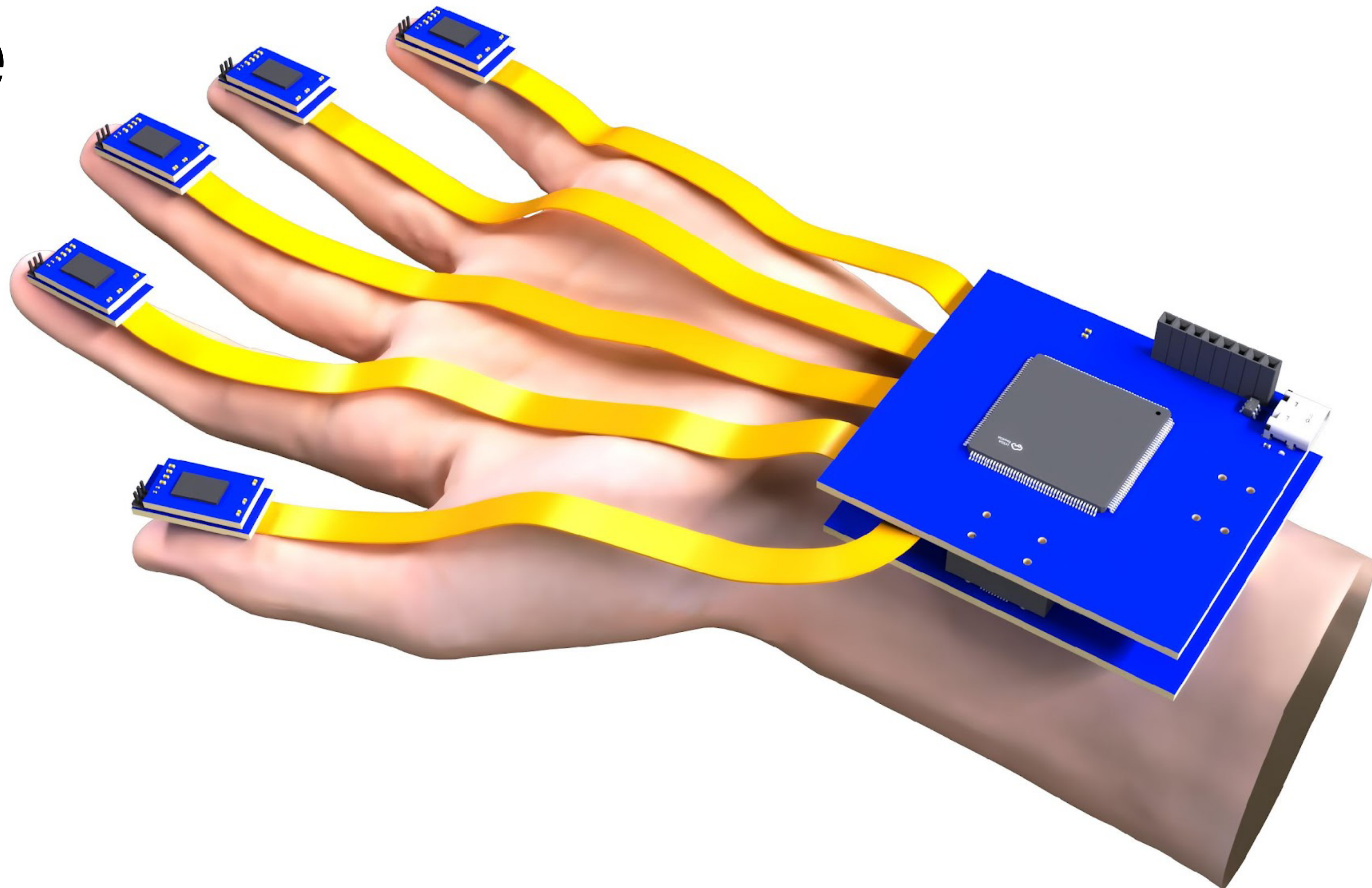
# Introduction

# E-skin Taxel Readout Neuromorphic Chip

- Electronic skin taxel readout chip in 0.18 $\mu\text{m}$  CMOS technology
- 200  $\mu\text{m}$  spatial resolution
- 12\*16 taxel array
- Spike based readout design

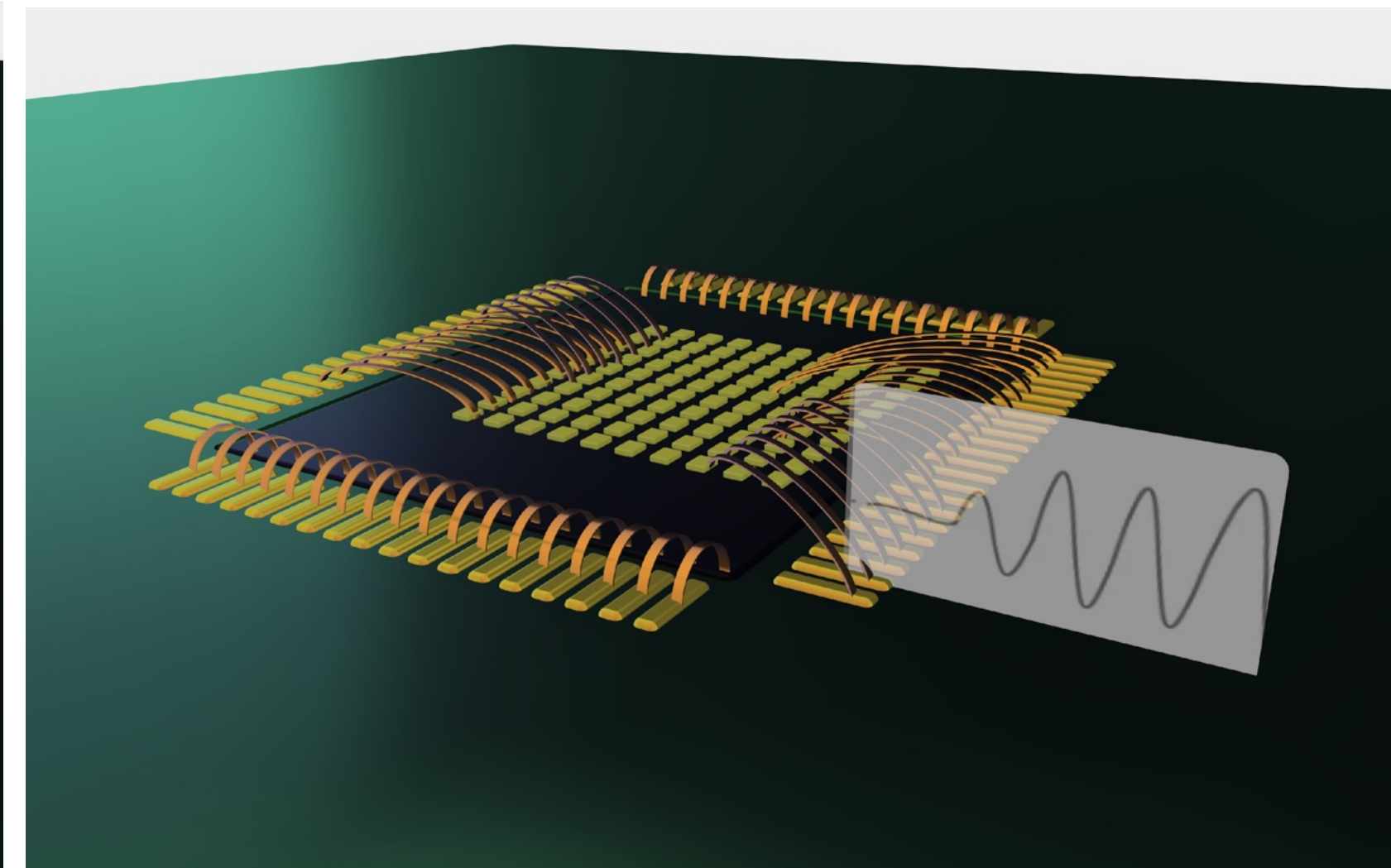
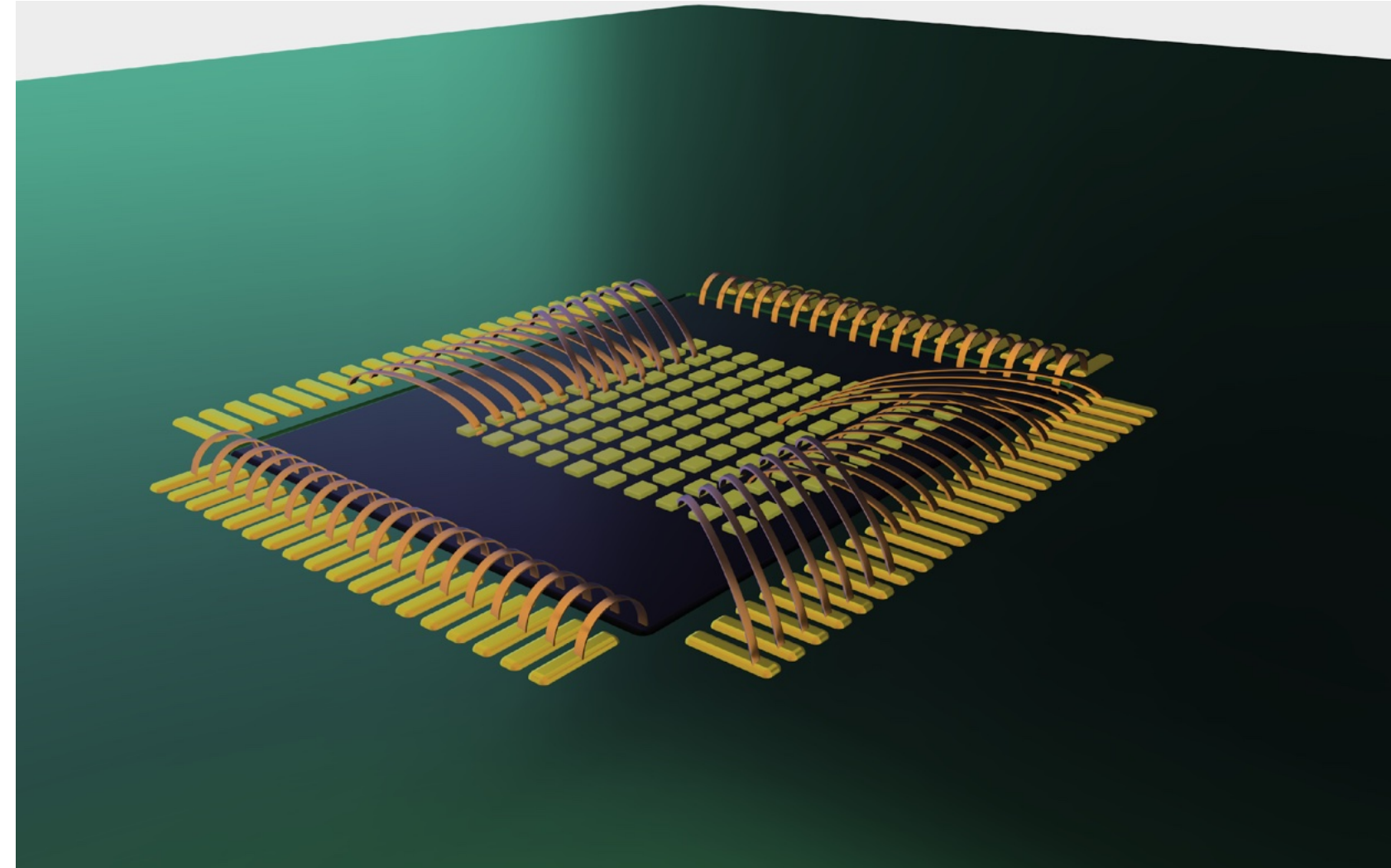
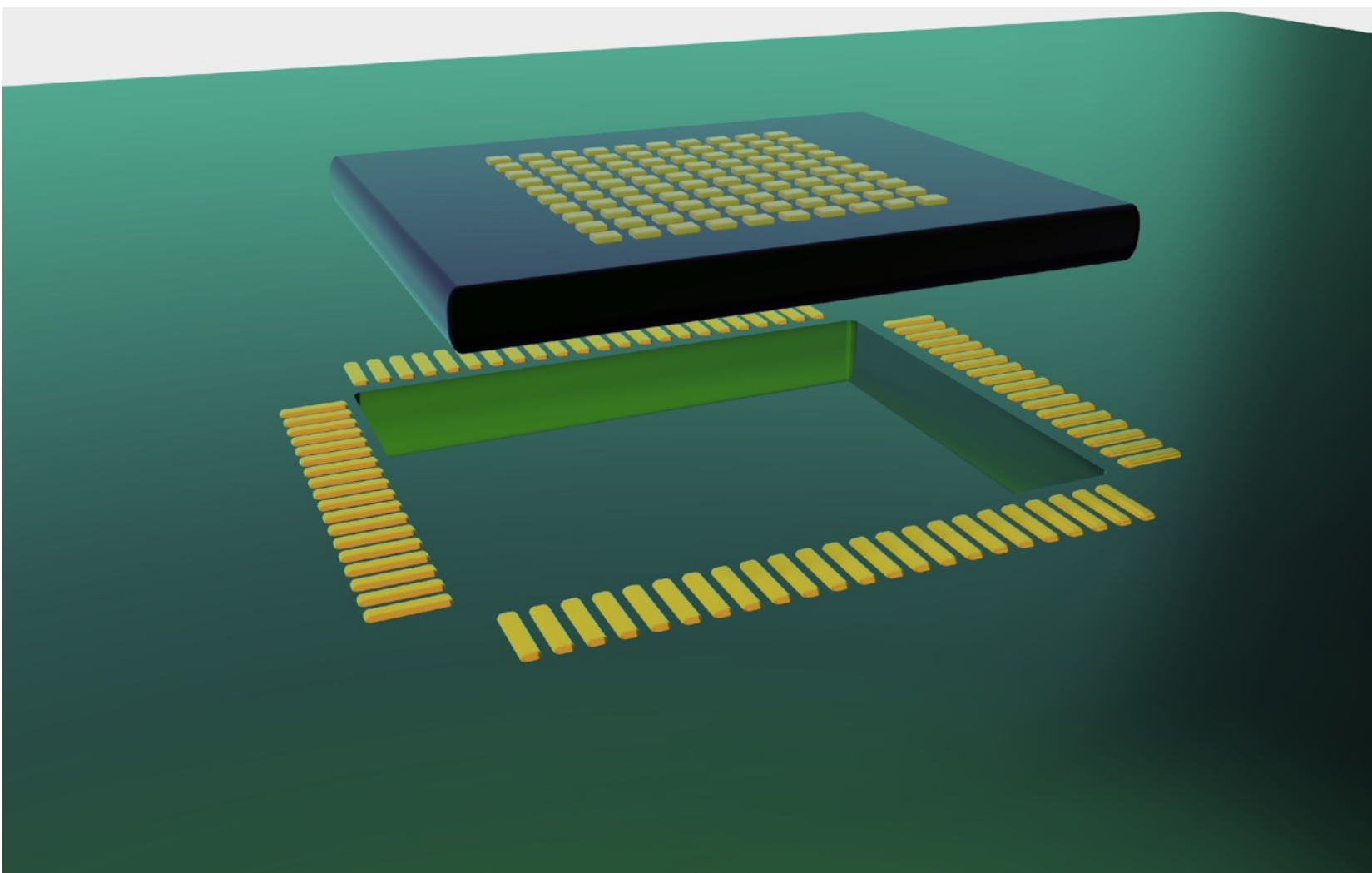


# Hardware



# Sensor Process

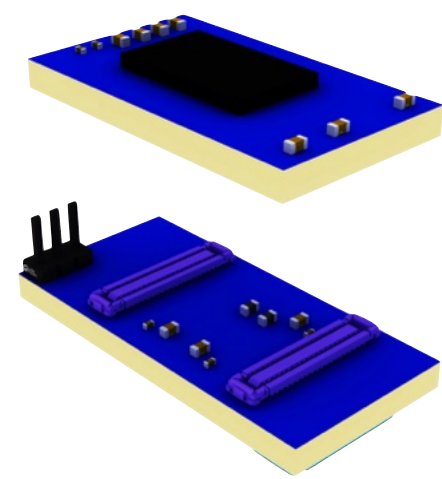
- Z-milling
- Encapsulation
- Poling: 25V sinusoid signal



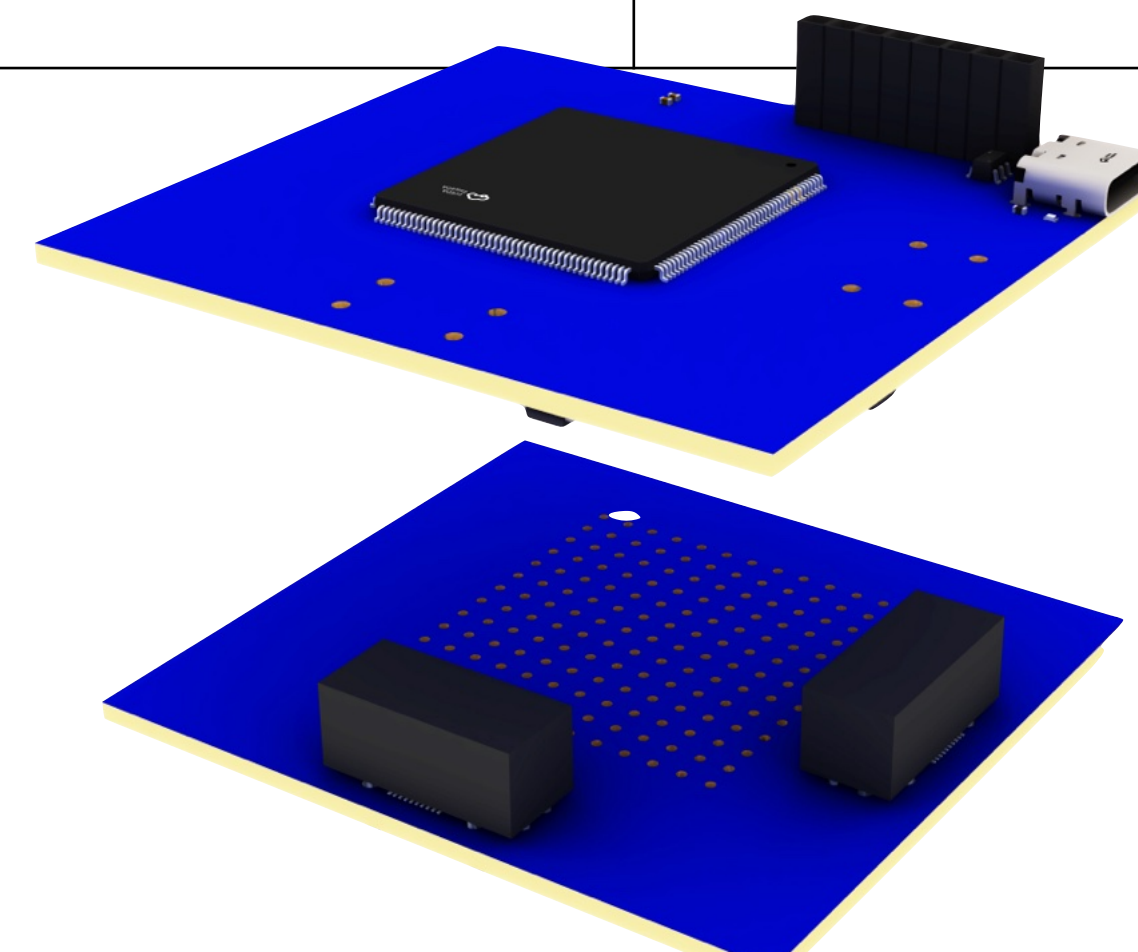


# Fabrication

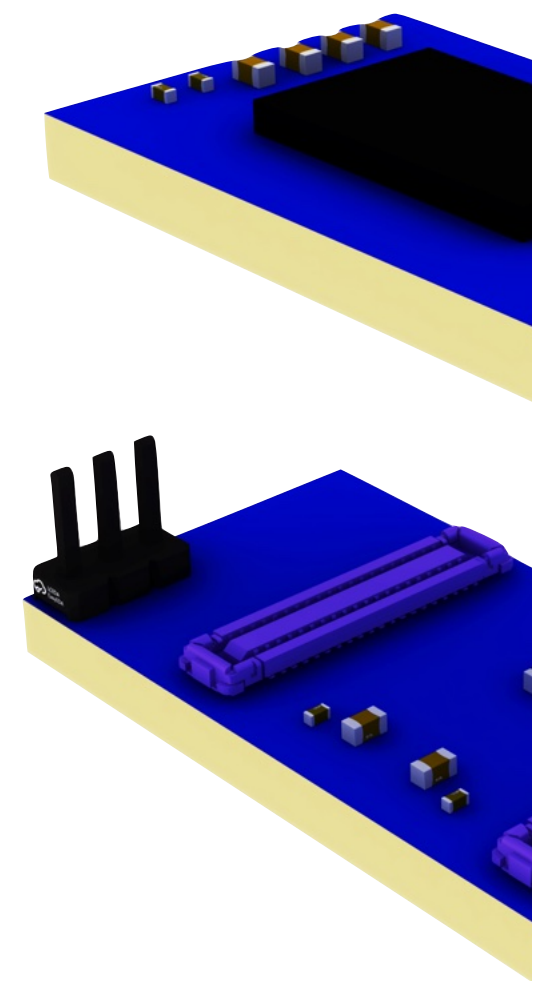
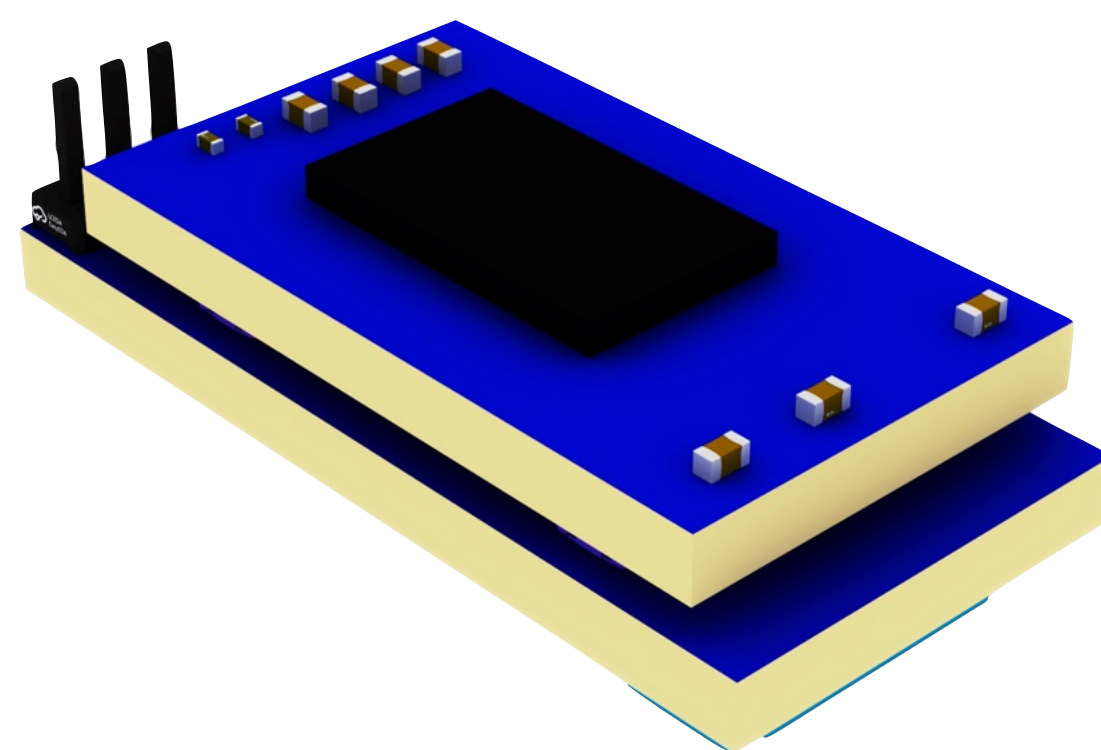
	Size	Layer
<b>Sensor Board</b>	18mm*10mm	4
<b>Finger Board</b>	20mm*10mm	4
<b>MCU Board</b>	64mm*59mm	6
<b>Freya Board</b>	64mm*59mm	2
<b>Middle Board</b>	53mm*44mm	2



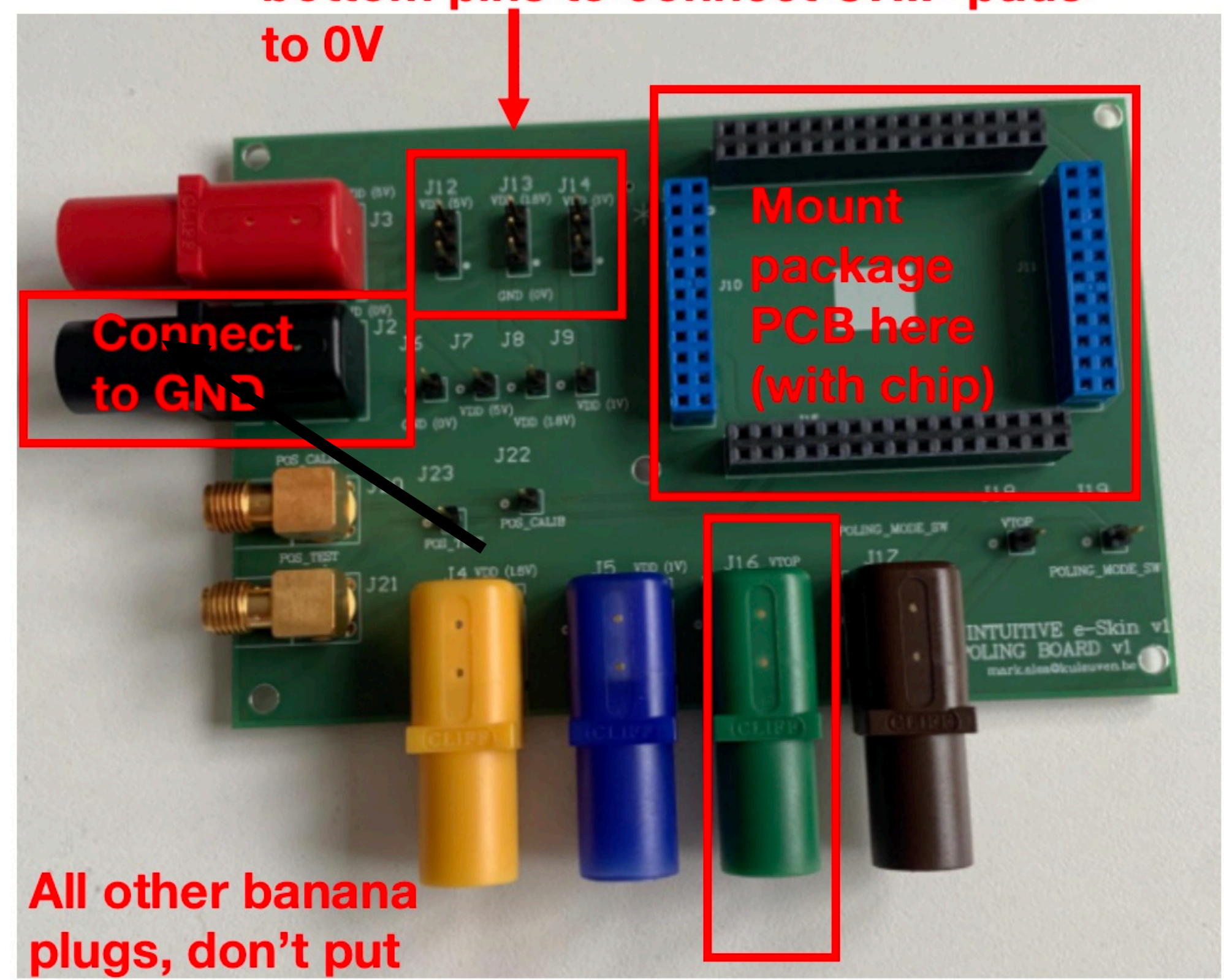
**Sensor Boar  
Finger Board**



**MCU Boar  
Freya Board**



Apply jumper to center and bottom pins to connect CHIP pads to 0V

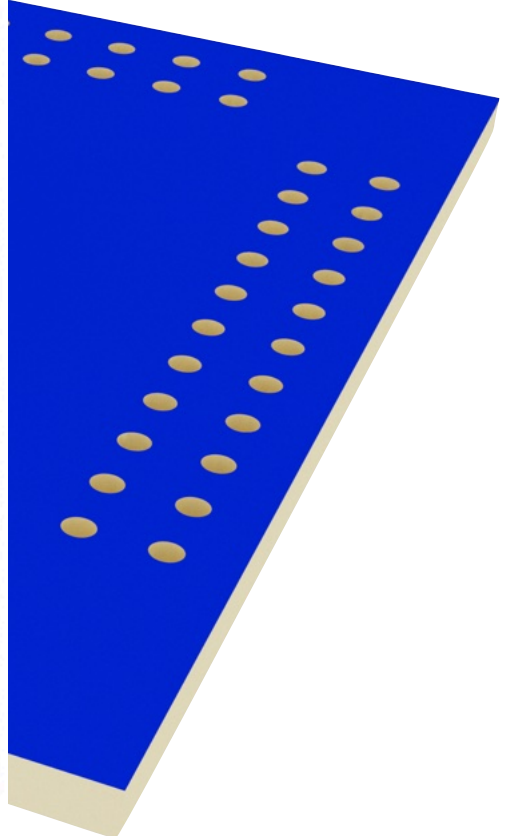


Connect to GND

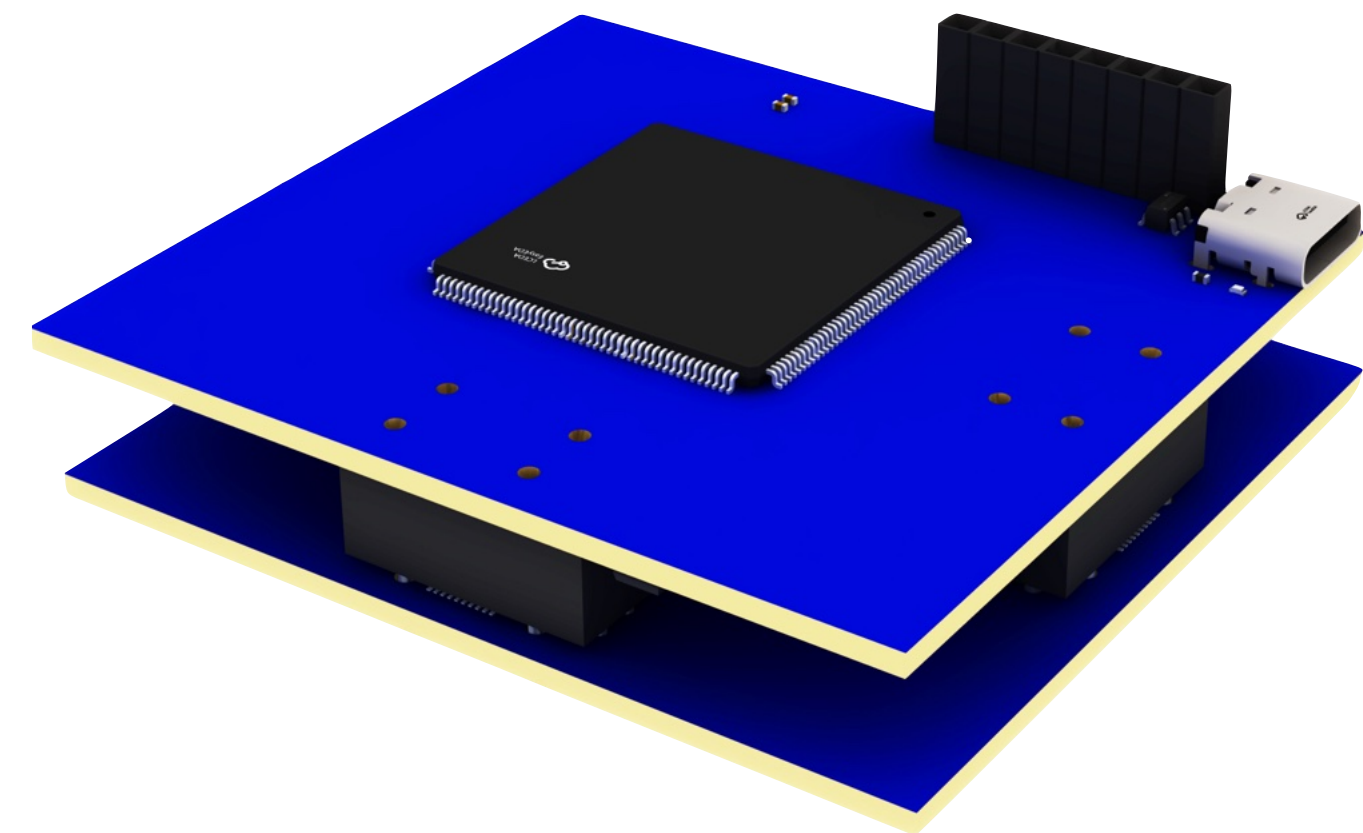
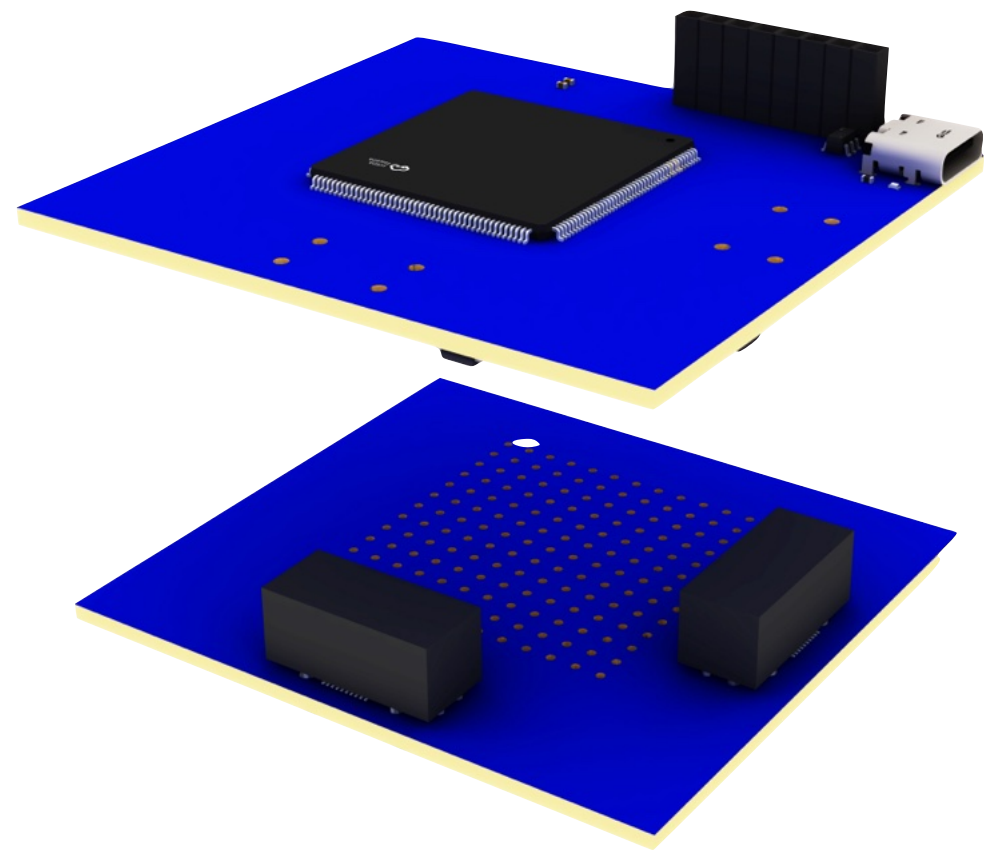
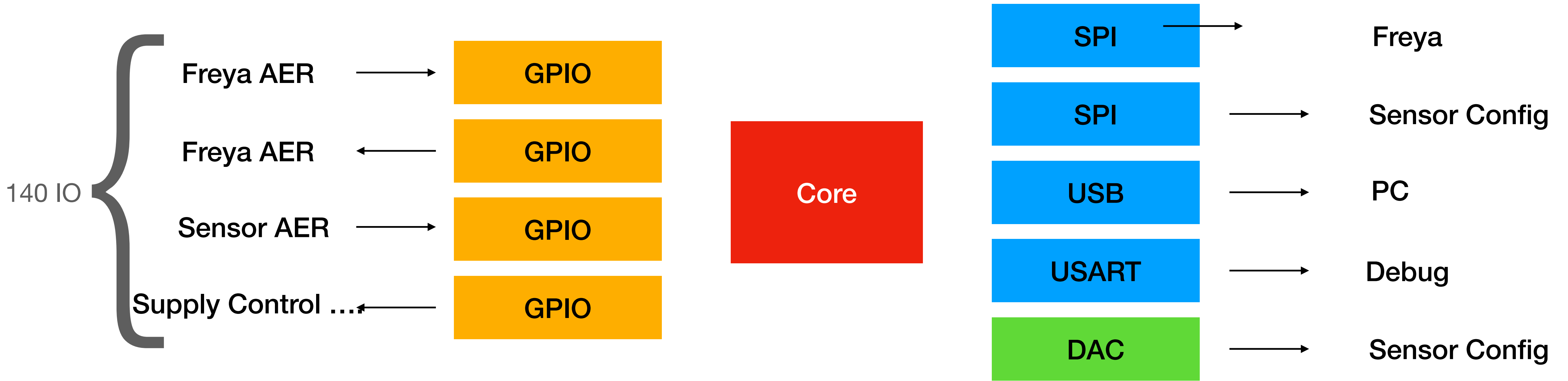
Mount package PCB here (with chip)

All other banana plugs, don't put anything

APPLY poling voltage here

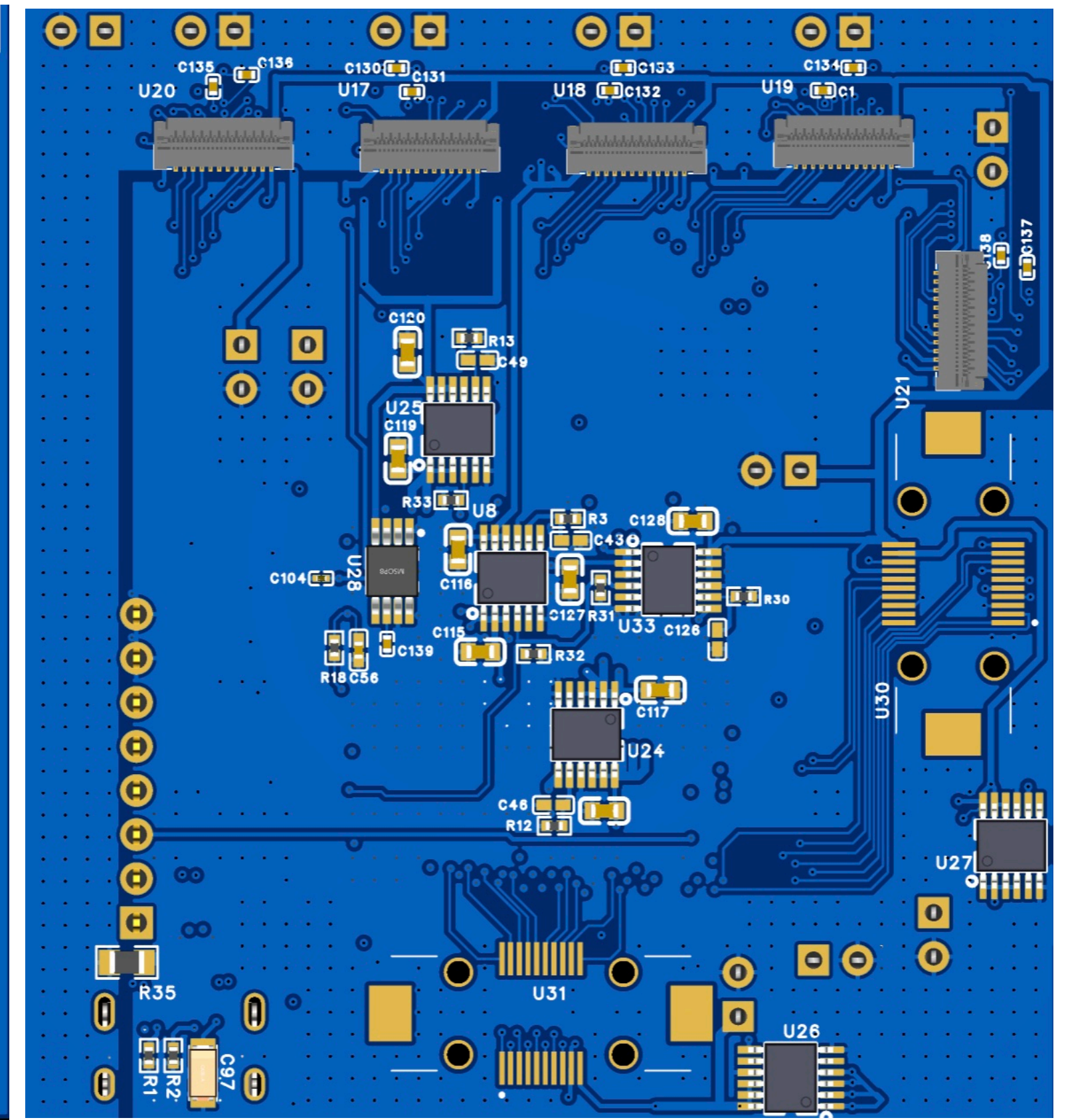
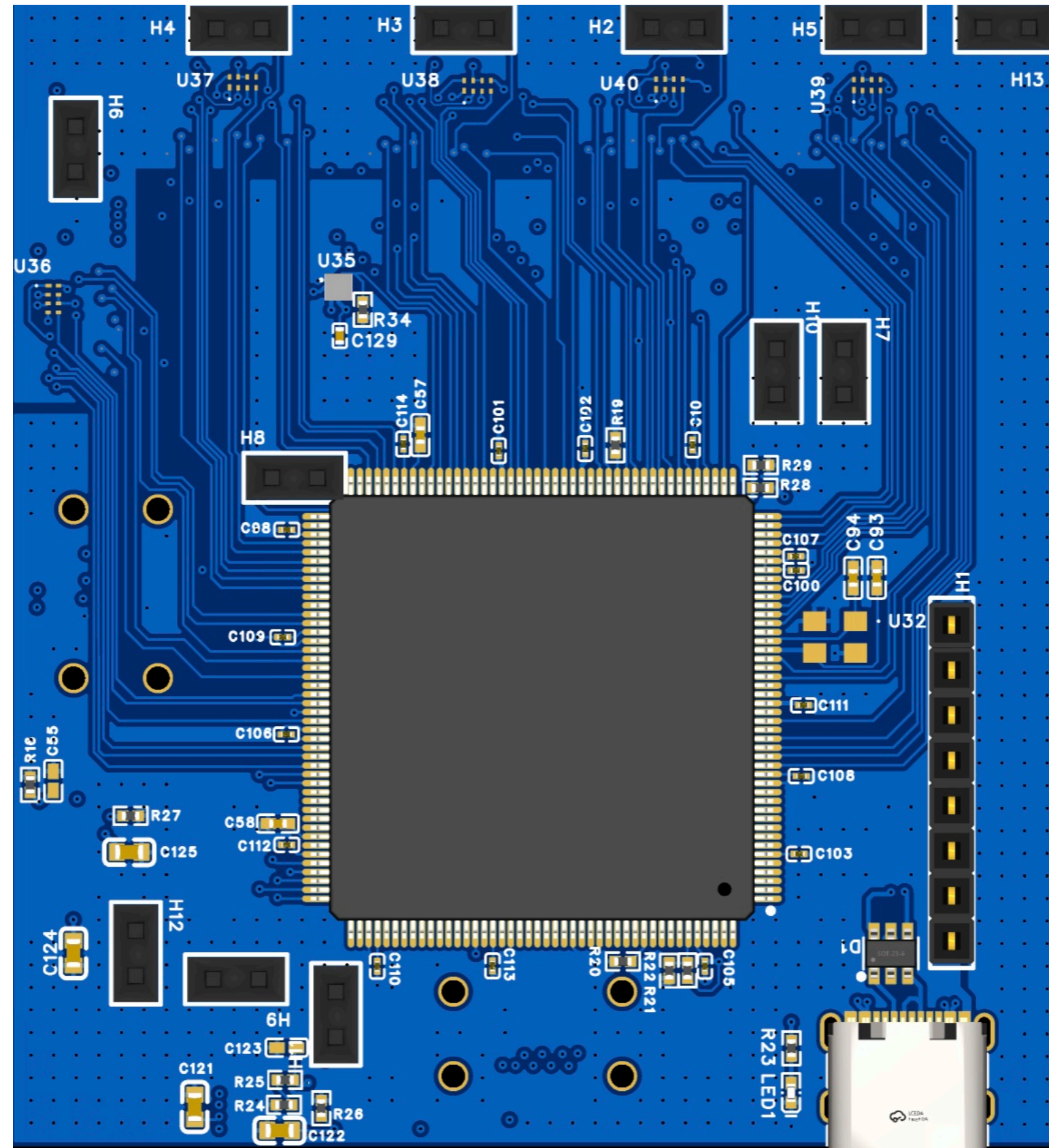


# MCU Board



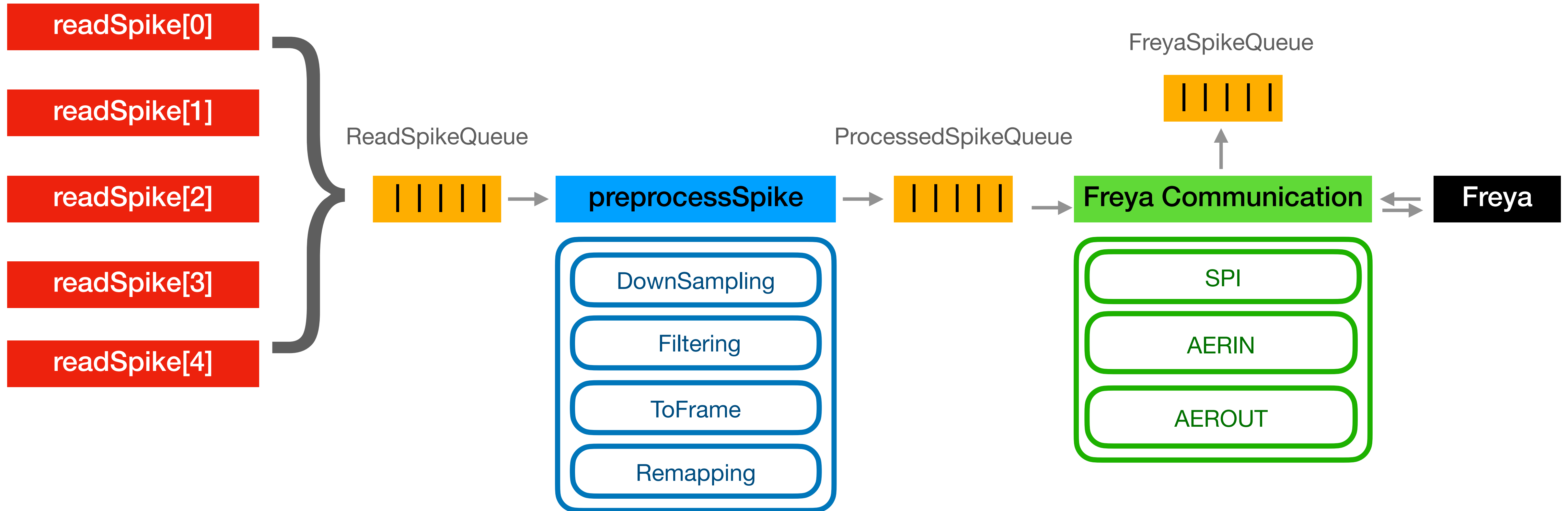
# MCU Board Design

- Supply sequence
- Debug
- 3.3V to 5V level shifter
- AGND DGND separate
- USB data & Supply



**Software**

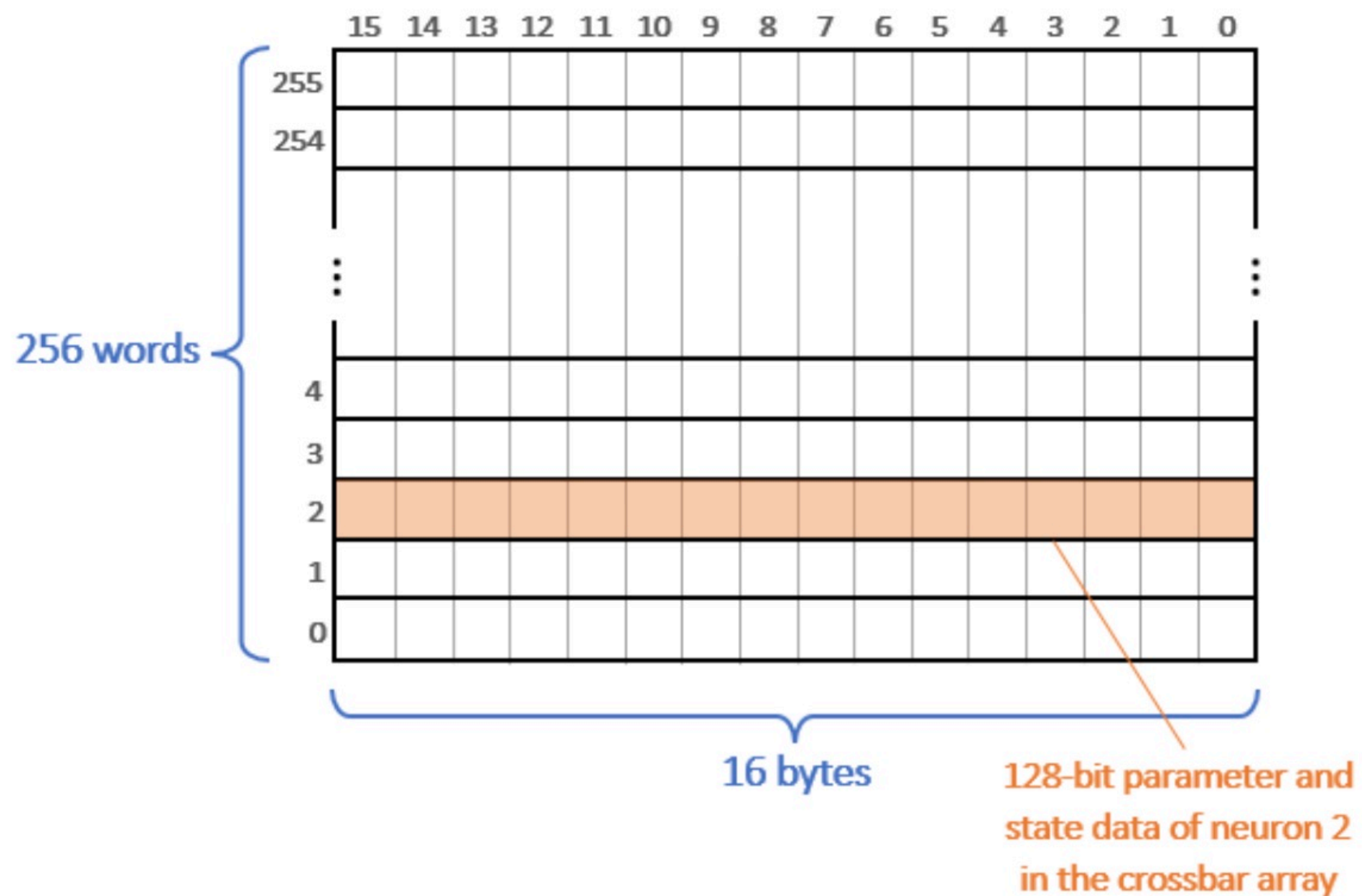
# Embedded Software RTOS



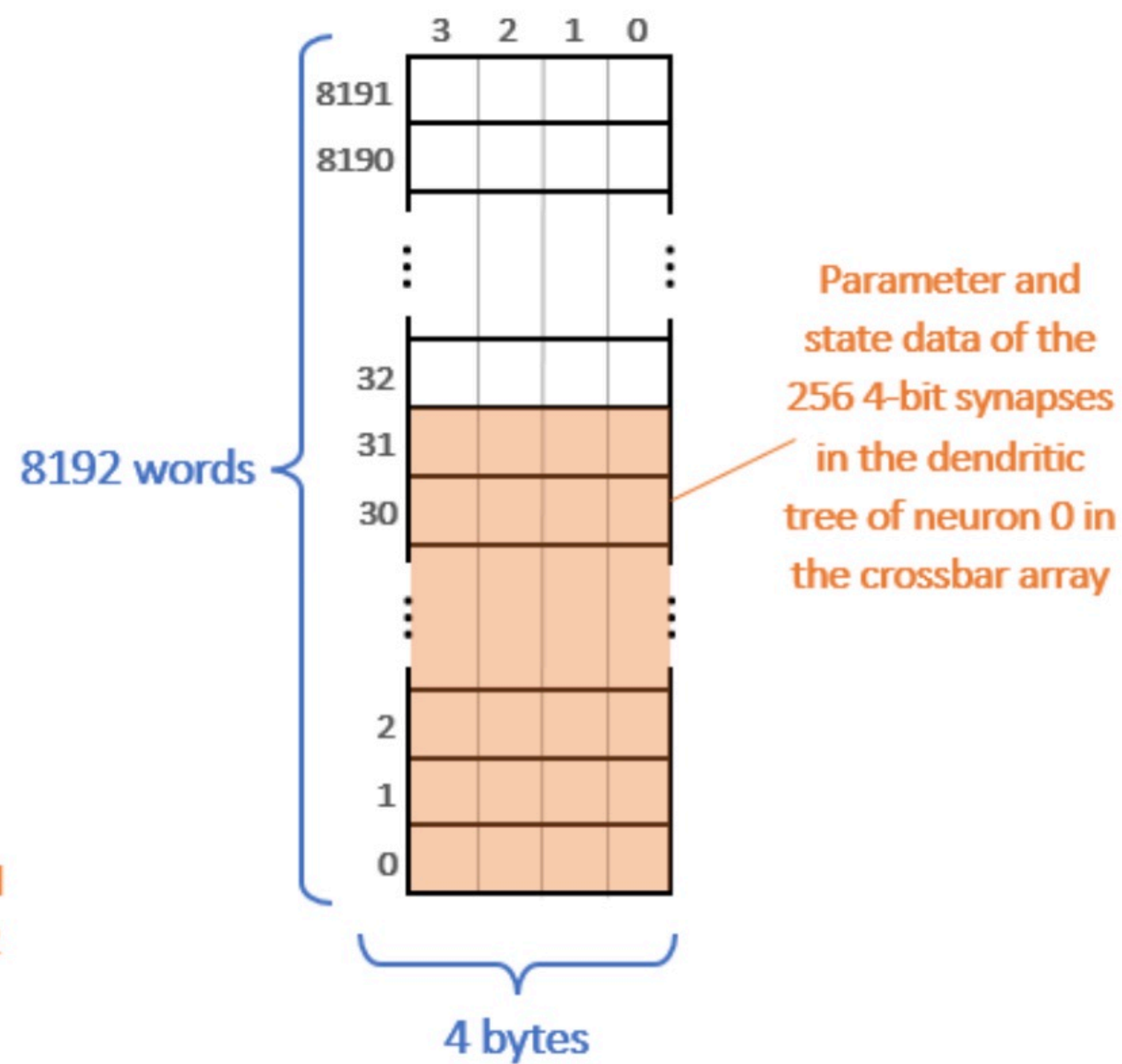
# SNN to Freya

- IF (Intergrate and Fire Model)
- Signed 3bit integer for weight, 8bit for threshold, 8bit for h\_mem
- SPI send weight for synapse SRAM
- Neuron spike event: Stimulates all neurons with the synaptic weight associated to pre-synaptic neuron  $pre\_neur<7:0>$ .
- Neuron 256: input neuron+hidden neuron+output neuron $\leq 256$

(a) Neuron memory



(b) Synapse memory





# Spike Preprocessing

- Neuron $\leq$ 256 -> Downsampling
- Noisy -> Denoise
- Freya input 0/1 -> RateEncoding



# Quantization

- Post Training Quantization

$$\begin{cases} V^{k+1} = V^k + J_{in} \text{ and } S = 0, & \text{if } V^k < 1 \\ V^{k+1} = 0 \text{ and } S = 1, & \text{if } V^k \geq 1. \end{cases}$$

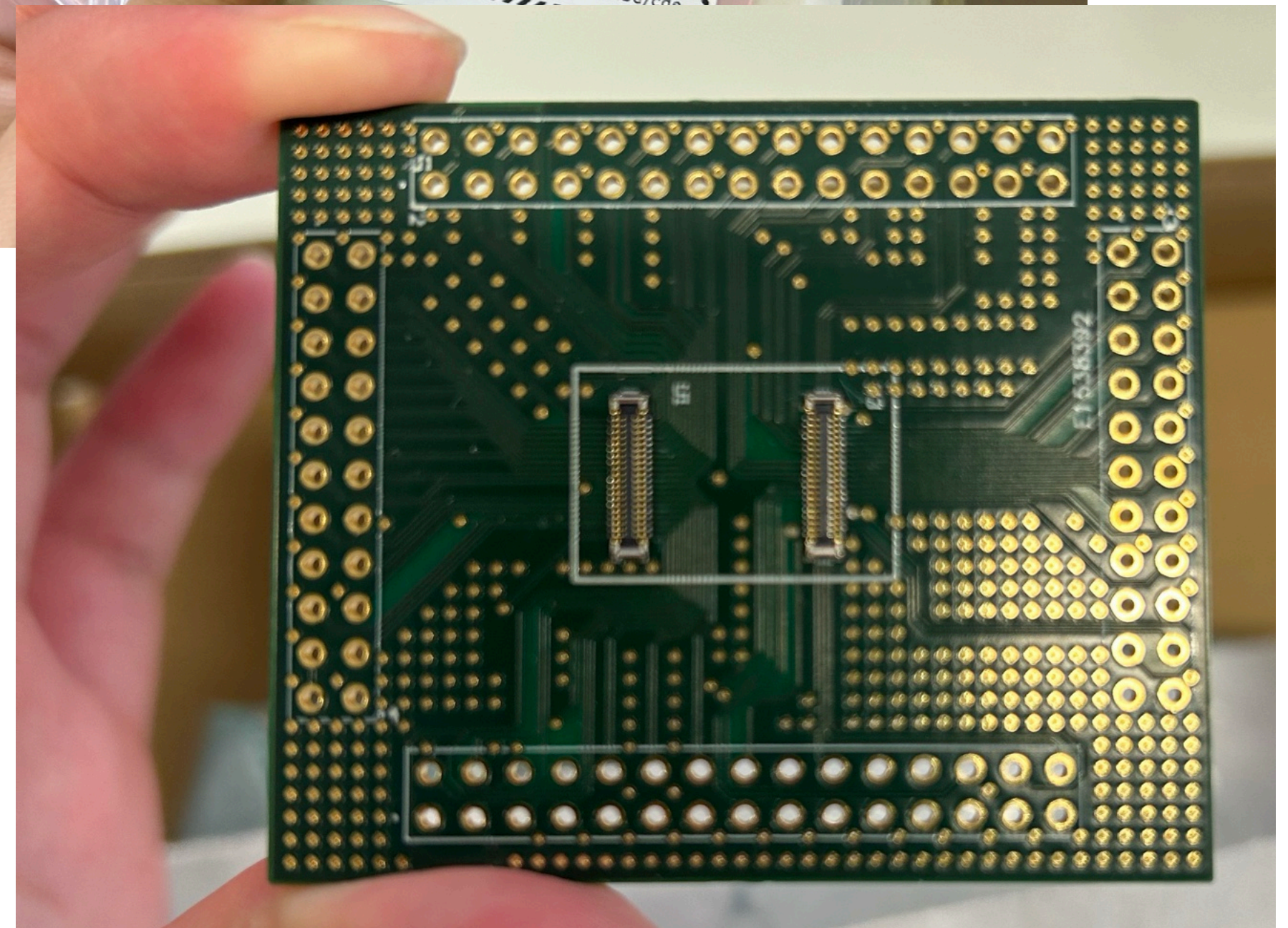
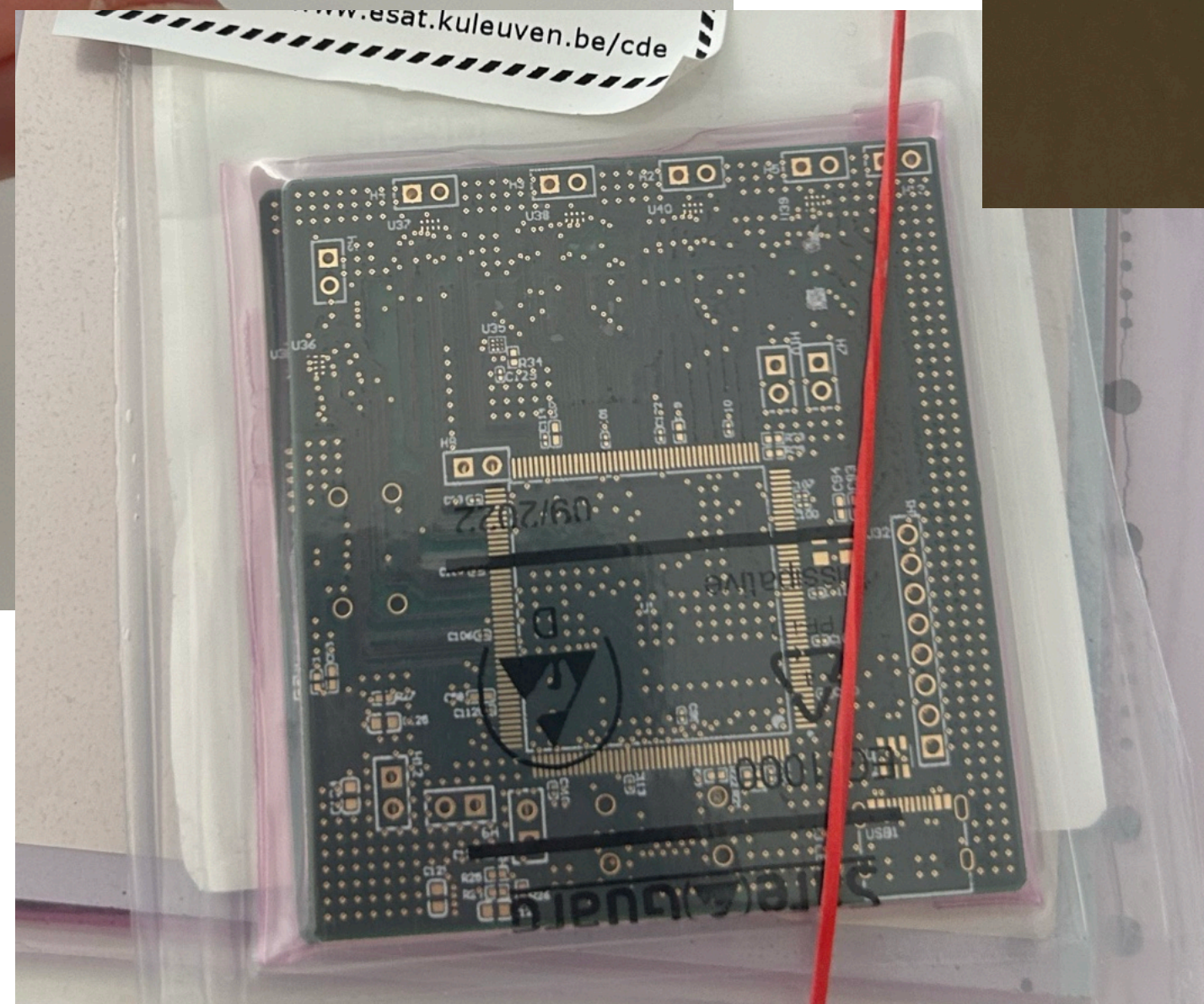
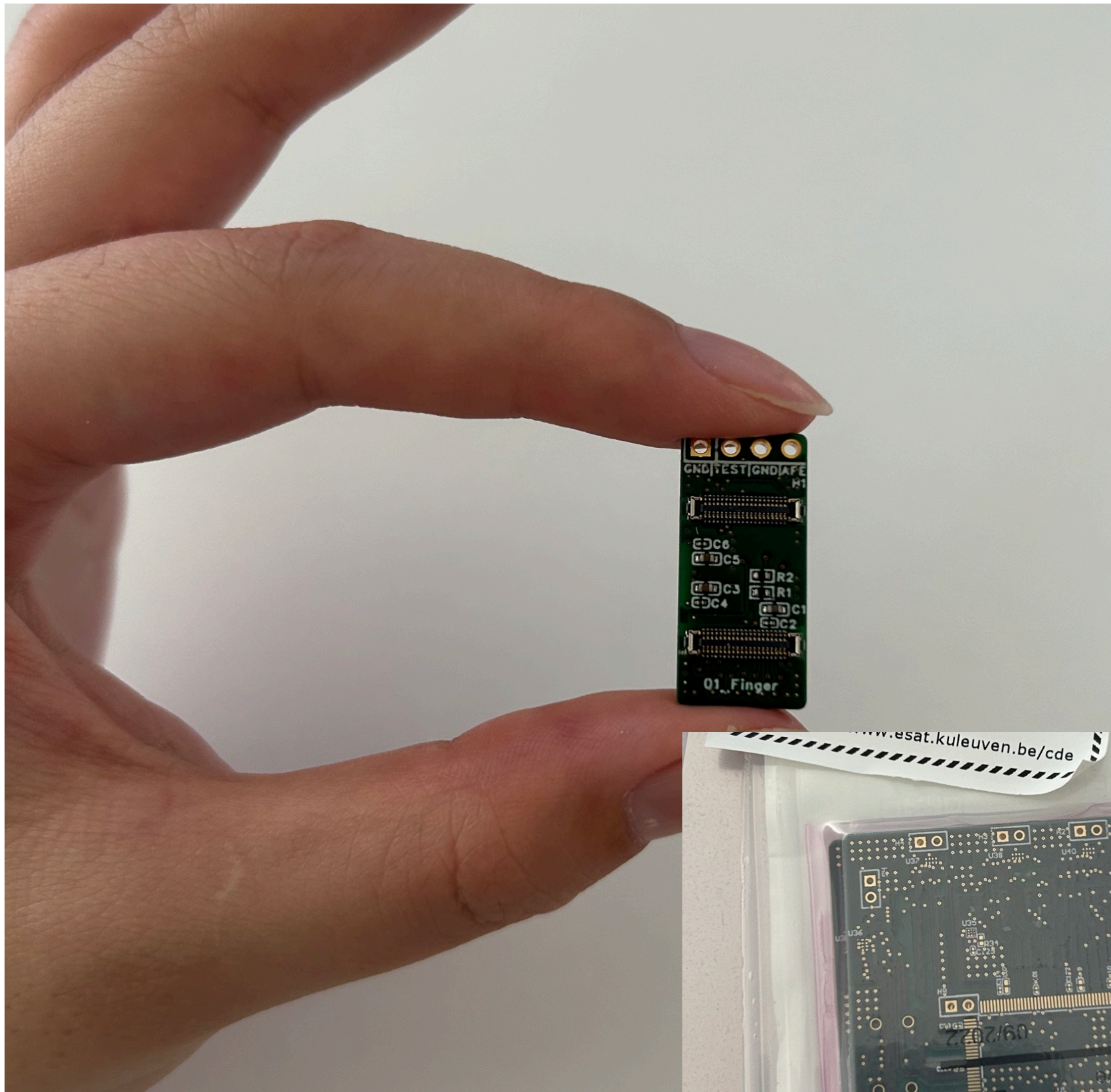


$$\sum_{k=n}^m w_{i2h}^{(k)} \cdot J_{in}^{(k)} + w_{h2h} < \text{threshold}_h$$

$n$ : Represents the time for any spike  
 $m$ : Represents the next time spike after  $n$

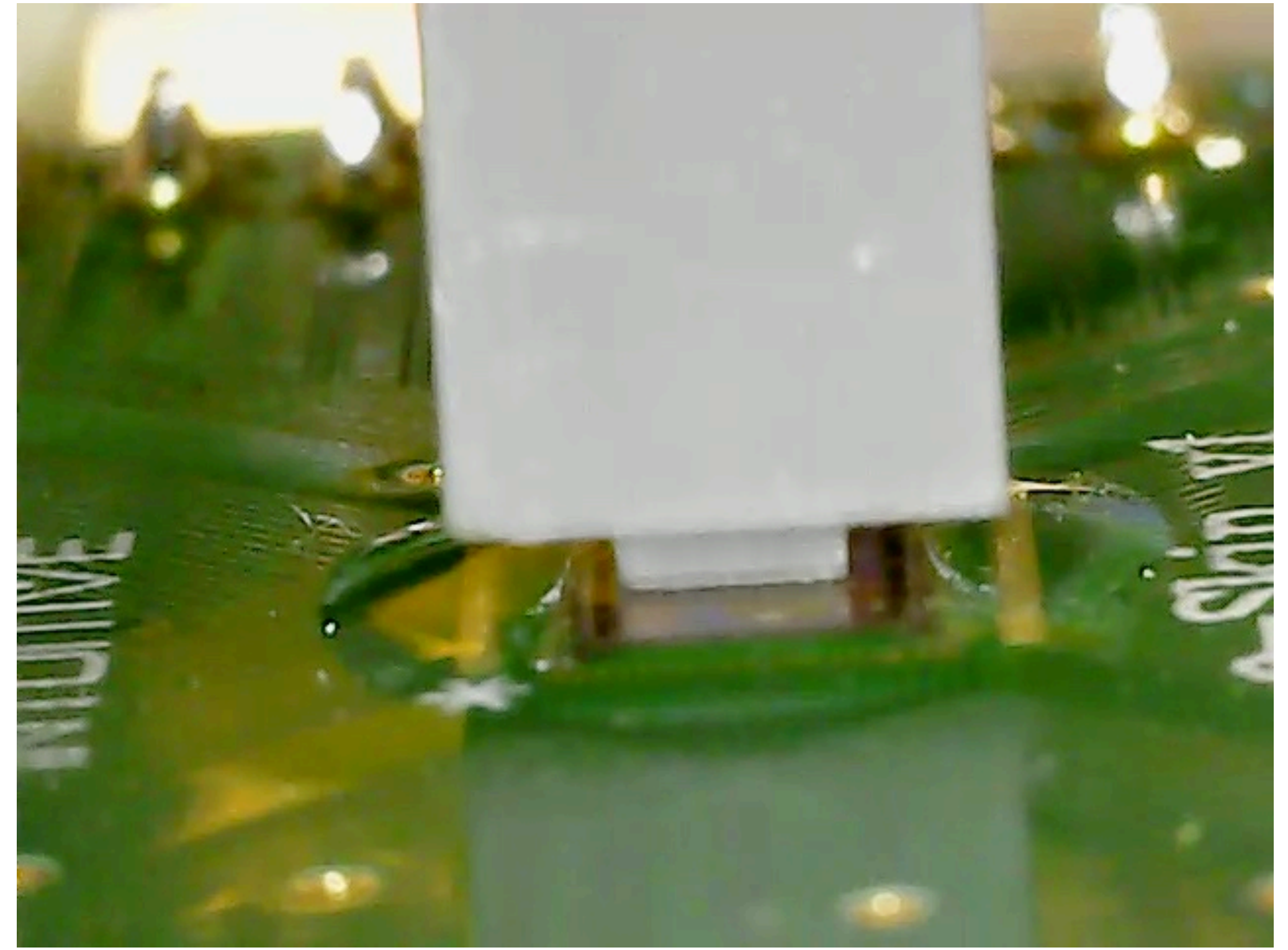
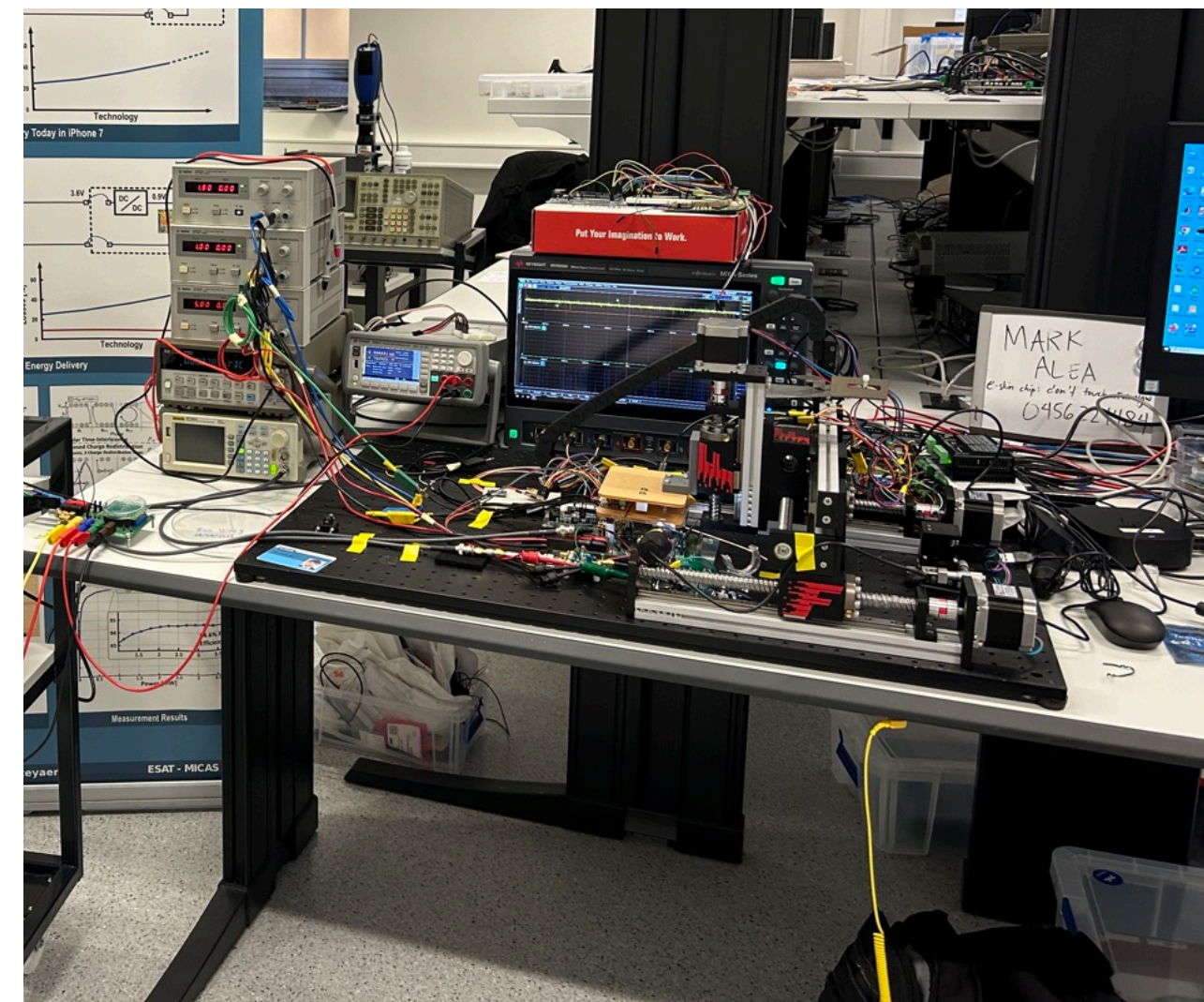
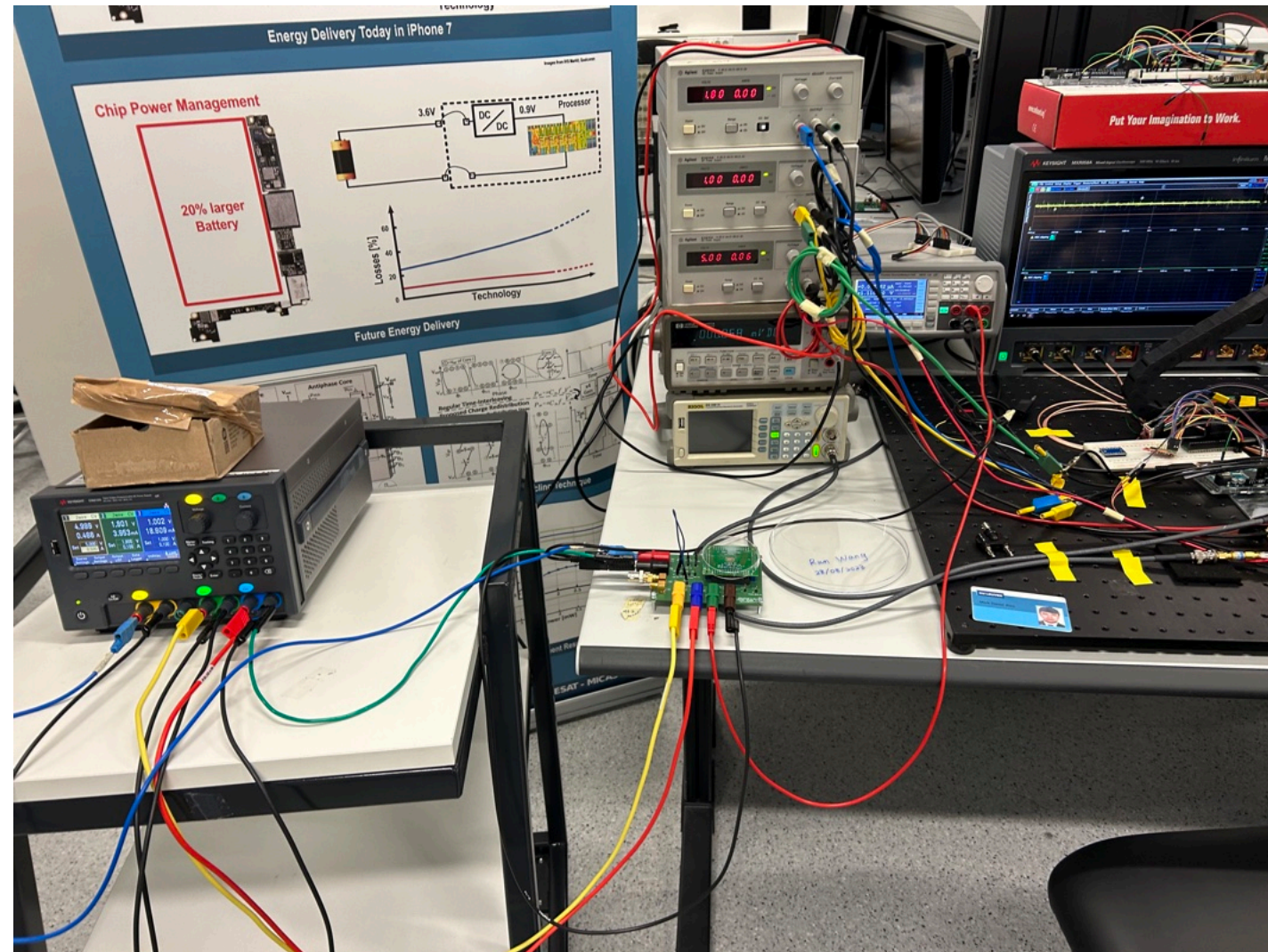
- Increase  $i2h$ ,  $h2h$ ,  $\text{thr}_h$  by same factor
- Increase  $h2o$ ,  $\text{thr}_o$  by same factor

**Result**



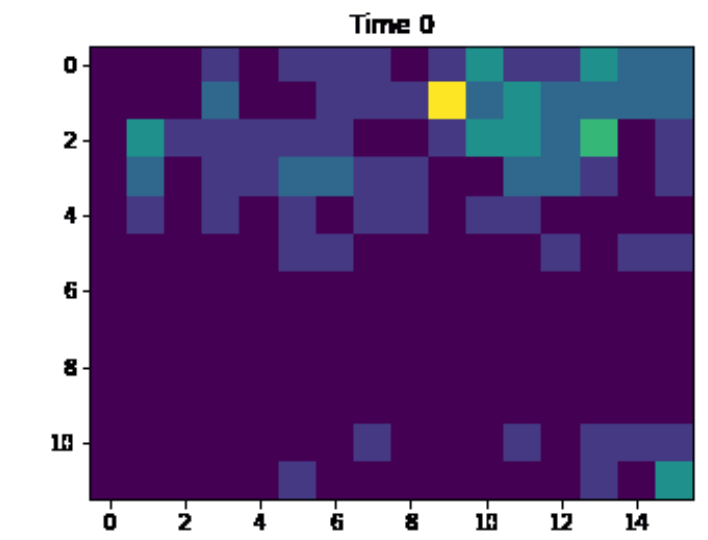
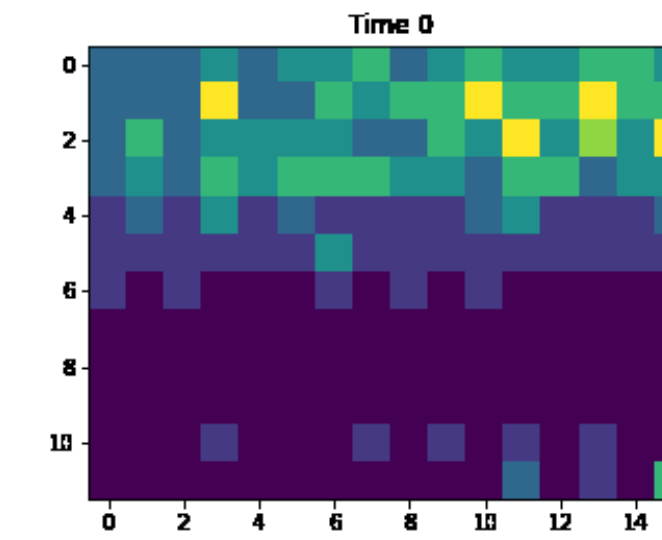
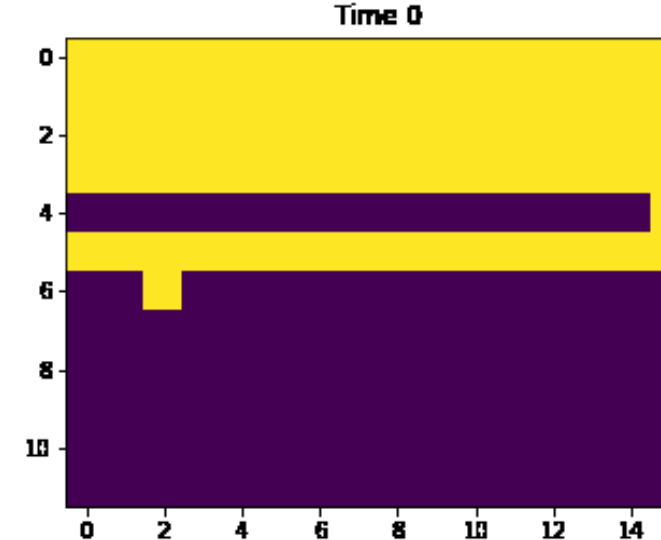
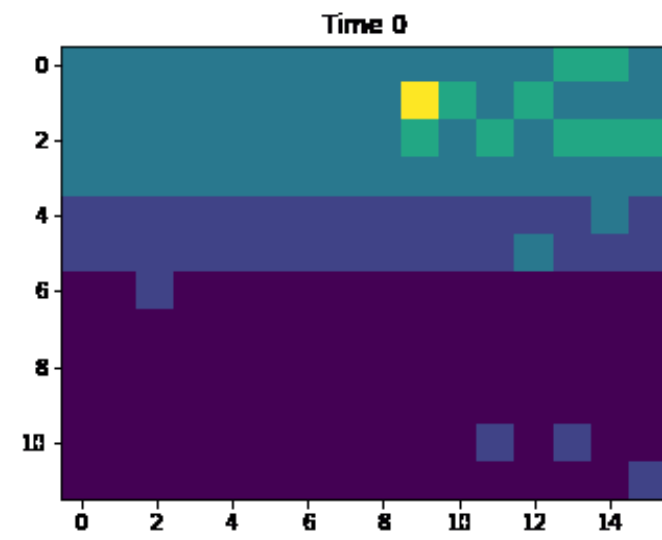
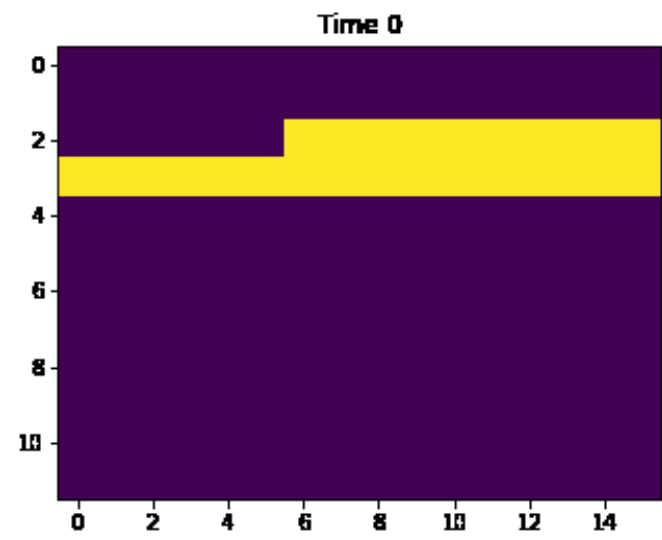
# Dataset

- Sensor PDMS Encapsulation
- Sensor Poling
- Frequency dataset 40 0.5Hz to 10 Hz

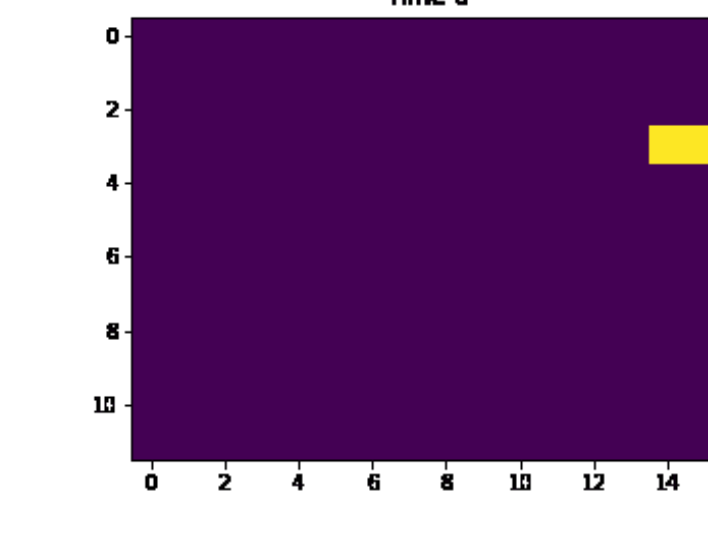
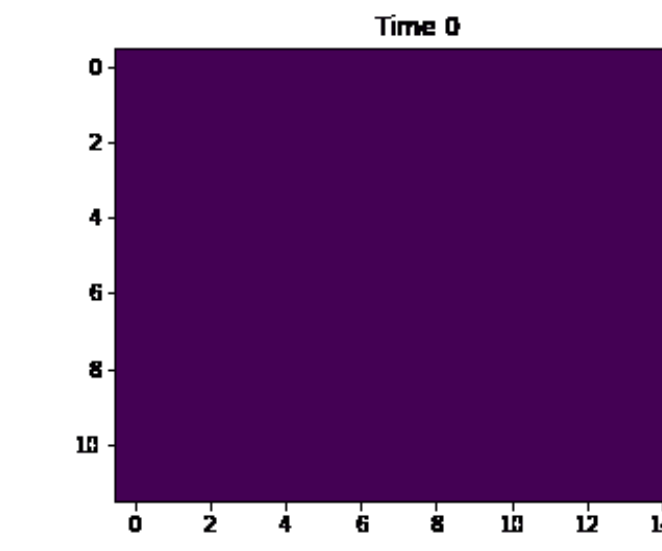
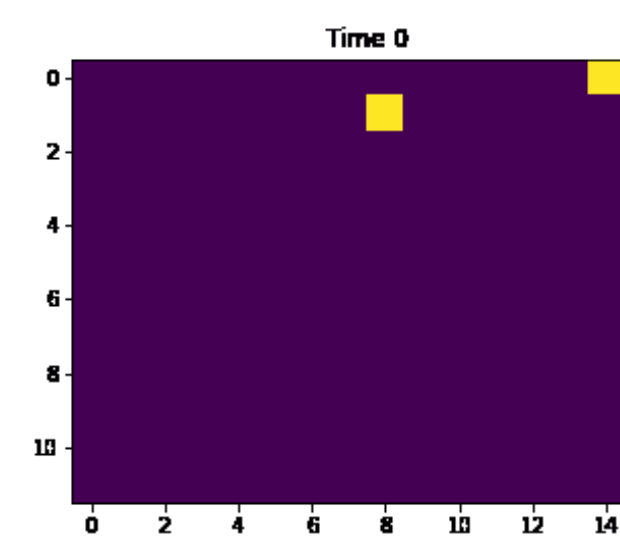
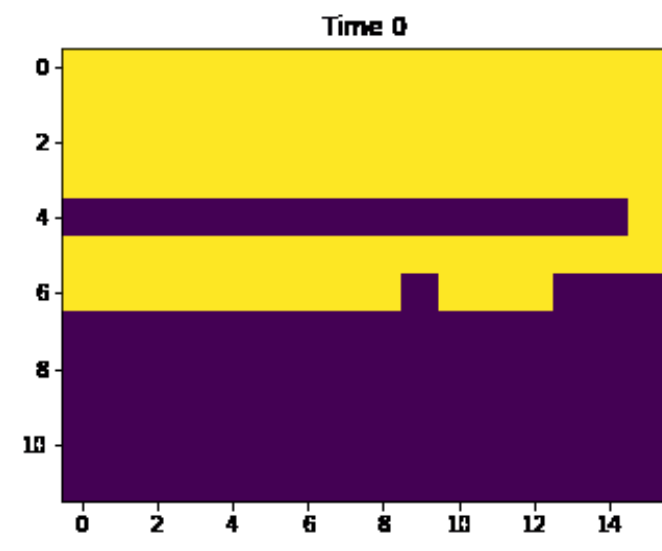
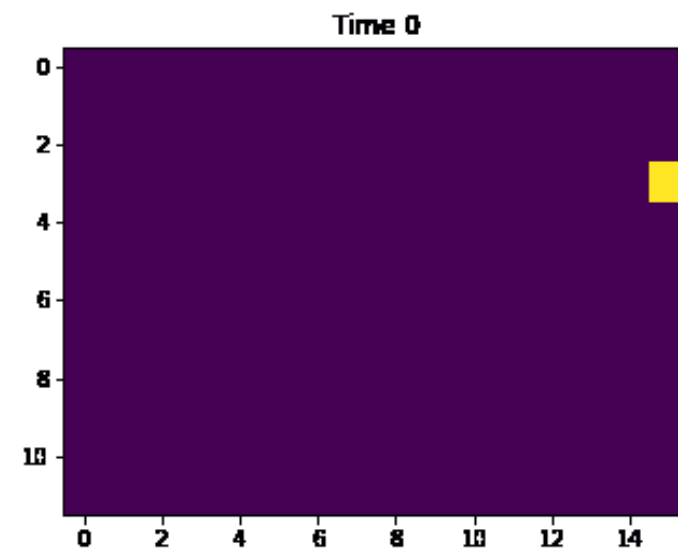


# Frame Gif

## Class 0

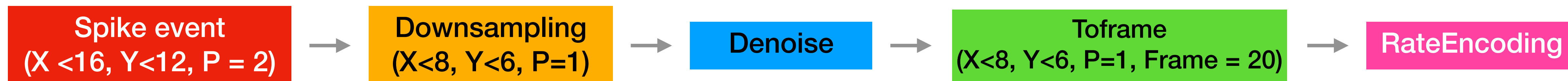


## Class 1



# Preprocess flow Result

- 2 class 6 fold
  - IF neuron
  - input 48(6\*8), hidden neuron 206
- >90%



# Quantization Result

- Post quantization
  - No rateencoding, most fold drop little
    - [1.0, 0.91,0.83, 0.83, 0.91,0.90] ->[0.91,0.91,0.75,0.91,0.5,0.81]
  - With rate encoding, drop a lot 90%->40%
    - After quantization, bias all zero



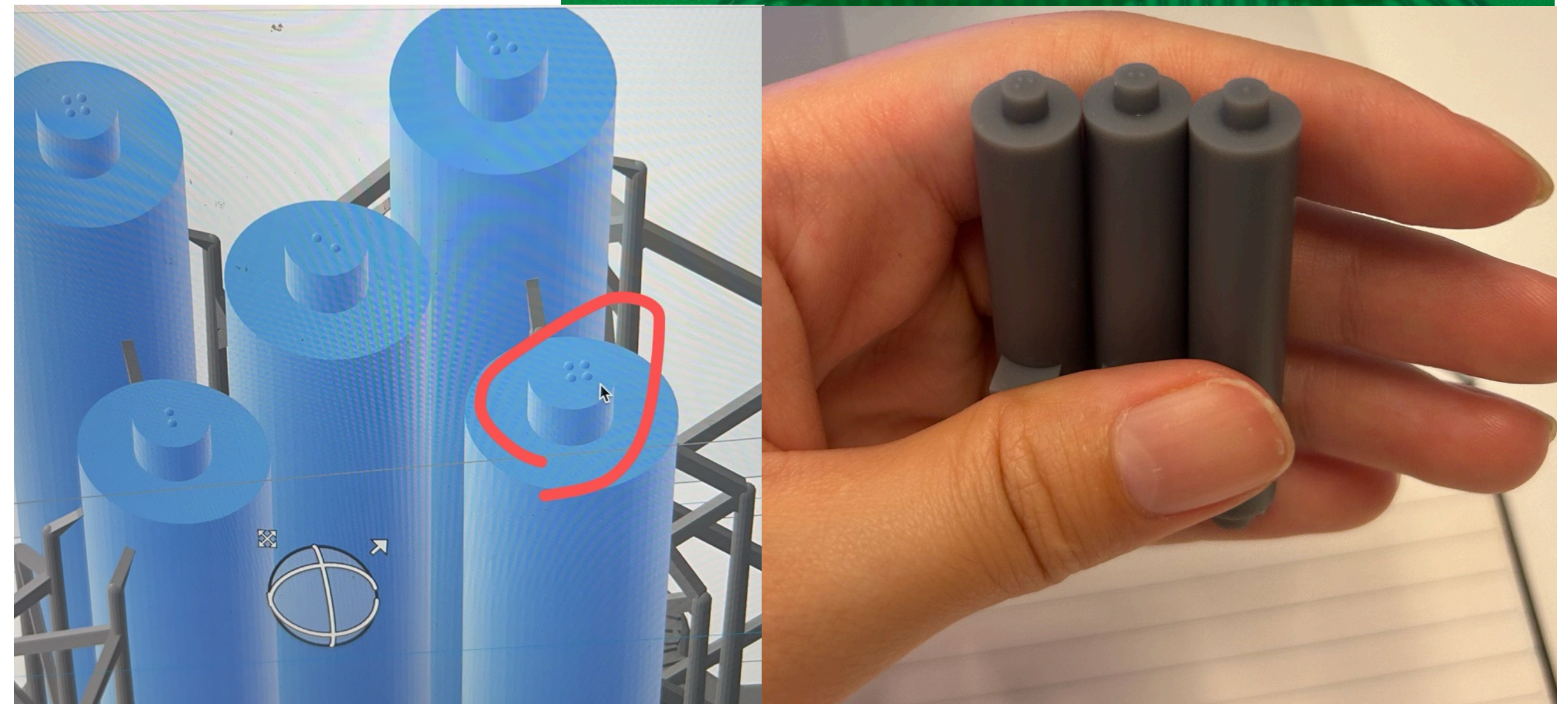
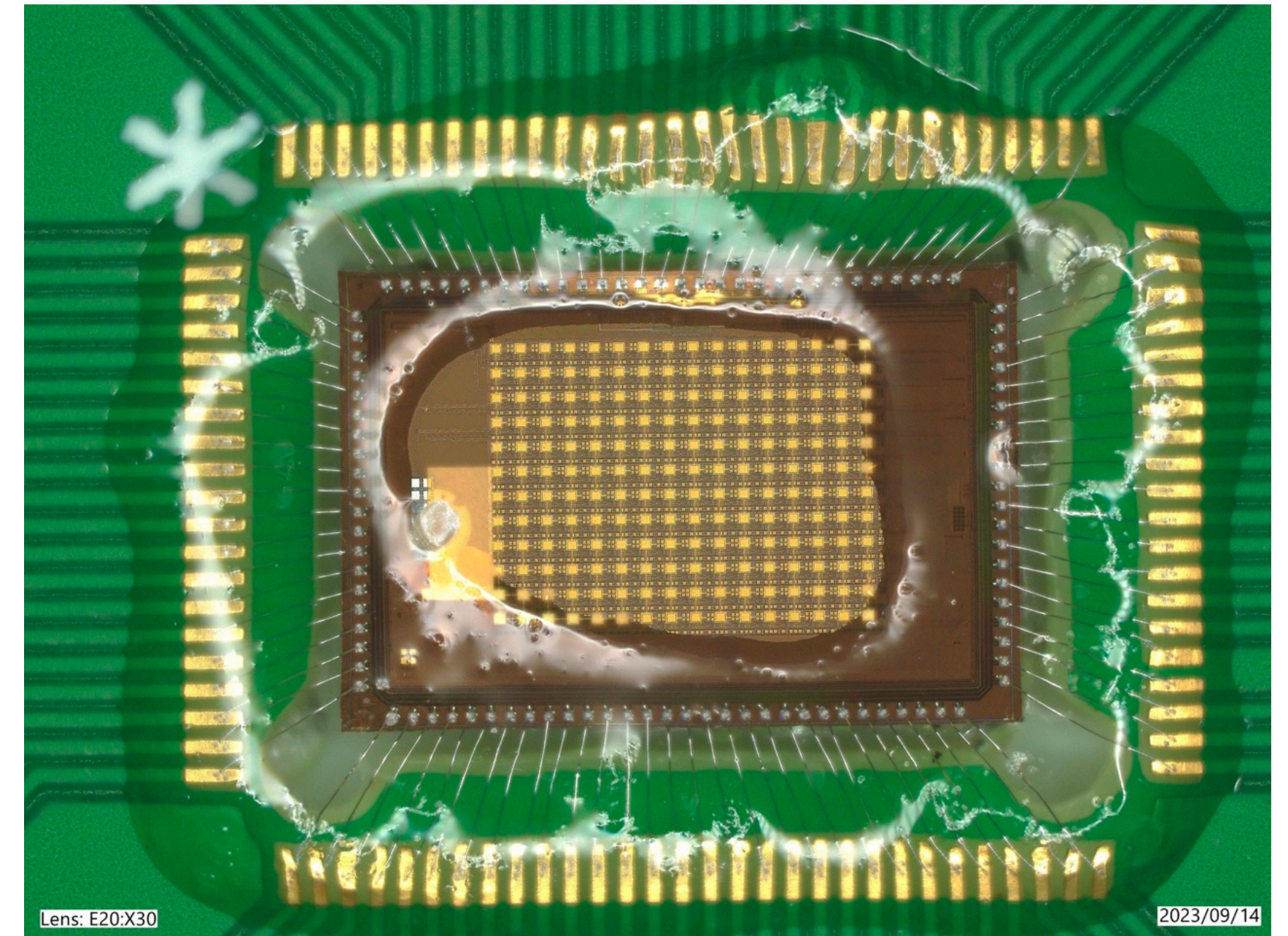
# Quantization Discussion

- Post quantization
  - Use statistical tools to remove outliers value
- Cannot implement quantization aware training
- ANN->SNN
- STDP

# Discussion

# Future Work

- Encapsulation Method Upgrade
- 3D model new task
- Hardware testing
- Embedded system implementation



# Contribution

- Hardware design and in charge of production
- Software Freya Compatibility Design
- Encapsulation Method design
- 3D model design for future work